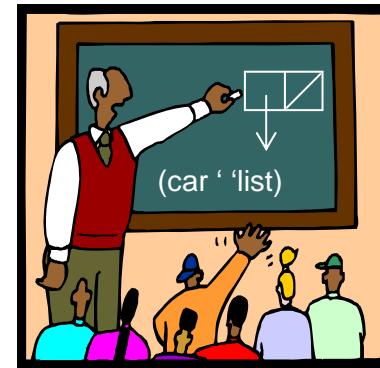


6.001 recitation

3/16/07

- tags
- stacks and queues



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## tags

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what are tags?

How are they useful?

What is an example of a tagged data structure?

## **stacks and queues**

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## stacks

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- **constructor:**  
(make-stack)

- **selectors:**  
(top stack)

(stack-elements stack)

- **operations:**

(stack? stack)

(empty-stack? stack)

(insert-stack-elt stack elt)

(delete-stack-elt stack)

## stacks

---

```
(define (tagged-list? tag l) (and (pair? l) (eq? tag (car l))))
```

```
(define *stack-tag* 'stack)
```

- **constructor:**  
`(define (make-stack)`

- **selectors:**  
`(define (top stack)`

- **operations:**  
`(define (stack? stack)`

```
(define (empty-stack? stack)
```

## stack problems

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1. Fill in the code for **insert-stack-elt** (aka push) for a stack.

```
(define (insert-stack-elt element stack)
```

```
  (if (stack? stack)
```

```
    (cons
```

```
      (cons
```

```
    )
```

```
  (error "Insert on a non-stack")))
```

## stack problems

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2. Write **delete-stack-elt** (aka **pop**) for a stack. This version of pop should return a new stack that contains all elements except the top. (Don't forget the two error checks.)

```
(define delete-stack-elt (stack)
```

```
)
```

## queues

---

```
(define (tagged-list? tag l) (and (pair? l) (eq? tag (car l))))
```

```
(define *queue-tag* 'queue)
```

- **constructor:**  
(make-queue)

- **selectors:**  
(front-queue queue)

```
(queue-elements queue)
```

- **operations:**

```
(queue? queue)
```

```
(empty-queue? queue)
```

```
(insert-queue-elt queu elt)
```

```
(delete-queue-elt queue)
```

## queue problems

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3. Write **insert-queue-elt** for a queue. (Don't forget an error check.)

```
(define insert-queue-elt (queue)
```

```
)
```

## queue problems

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4. Write **delete-queue-elt** for a queue. (Don't forget an error check.)

```
(define delete-queue-elt (queue  
)  
)
```

## stacks and queues

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- **constructor:**  
(make-it)

- **selectors:**  
(first-elt s-or-q)

(elements s-or-q)

- **operations:**  
(is-type? s-or-q)

(empty? s-or-q)

(insert-element s-or-q elt)

(delete-element s-or-q)

## stacks and queues

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5. Write a **delete-elt** procedure that works on either stacks or queues.

```
(define delete-elt s-or-q)
```

```
)
```

## stacks and queues

What if we could change the data structures rather than copying them?

