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Eval, Apply Notes

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Rules for Evaluation

The rules you (and Scheme) use for evaluating expressions are:

- 1. self-evaluating: return the value
- 2. name: return the value associated with the name
- 3. special form: do something special
- 4. combination:
 - 1. evaluate all subexpressions in the combination (order undefined; assume left to right unless specified)
 - 2. apply operator (value of first subexpression) to operands (values of other subexpressions) and return the result)

*Note that evaluation is recursive.

Rules for Application

The rules for application of a procedure are:

- 1. primitive: just do it
- 2. compound: evaluate body of procedure with formal parameters replaced by actual argument values

Example

((lambda (x) (* x x)) 10)

- . expression is an anonymous lambda applied to the value 10
- . evaluate body of the lambda with x replaced by 10

((lambda (x) (* x x)) 10) (* 10 10) => 100