#### Python Extensions in Symbian C++

- Reasons for writing extensions
  - Missing functionality
    - Accessing phone features
    - Using existing C/C++ code libraries
- Improve efficiency

- Heavy data processing
- Event driven instead of timer based

### Writing a Python Extensions

- In regular Python, extensions are C programs.
- In Symbian Python everything is the same, but for each extension module
   add an initialization function that is called by the Python extension loader framework.
  - add an initialization function that is called by Symbian OS DLL loader.
- Also...
  - Some Symbian C++ knowledge is needed for calling Symbian API or S60 API.

### Python Extension Modules



A pyd module is a "Polymorphic DLL".

In Symbian "Polymorphic" describes a DLL that is:

1. Loaded a runtime

- 2. Has one EXPORTED function.
- 3. Has a UID2 that identifies the *type* of interface being implemented. All Python extension modules have UID2 set to *0x100008d*.

### Extensions in regular Python

- 1. Include python header file: #include <Python.h>
- 2. Write the C function implementation

```
static PyObject* play_tone(PyObject* /*self*/, PyObject* args)
{ ... }
```

3. Make a table of python function names to their C function implementations.

```
static const PyMethodDef tone_methods[] = {
    {"tone", (PyCFunction)play_tone, METH_VARARGS, "play a tone."},
    {0, 0}
};
```

4. Call My\_Initiviodule to register the *module name* with the Python runtime.

Py\_InitModule("music", tone\_methods);

#### Add some stuff for Symbian

 The "Polymorphic DLL" entry point. When Python starts up it finds all extension modules and executes this initialization function from each. The module name is added to Python. The Python <u>import</u> statement adds the method table to the namespace.

DL\_EXPORT(void) MODULE\_INIT\_FUNC()
{
 Py\_InitModule("music", tone\_methods);
}

2. A mandatory DLL initialization function. Called by the Symbian OS DLL loader framework.

```
GLDEF_C TINT E32D11(TD11Reason)
```

```
return KErrNone; }
```

#### Extensions that don't use Symbian OS API or S60 API

- Usually limited to just doing data manipulation
- Study extension\_example \elemlist.cpp [Supplied with Python SDK]

#### Interfacing with Symbian OS API or S60 API

• Use C++

- #include "symbian\_python\_ext\_util.h"
   Helps with error handling
- Study examples [Supplied at this workshop]
  - Tone.cpp : illustrates asynchronous method calls.
  - Vibra.cpp : illustrates synchronous behavior.
     WARNING: Vibra API introduced in S60 2<sup>nd</sup> edition feature pack 2.

#### Prototype for Symbian C function Implementation



#### **Build Environment**

- To build for phone you need
   Platform SDK from Forum.nokia.com
- To build for WINS Emulator you need
  - Platform SDK from Forum.nokia.com
  - C++ Compiler such as Visual C++.

#### Installing Development SDK's on Windows PC

- Install Active Perl 5.6.1 build 531 for SDK build tools http://activeperl.com 1.
- Install Java Runtime version 1.4.1\_02 or later is required 2.
- Install the platform SDK for your phone from <u>http://org.csail.mit.edu/mode</u> or 3. http://forum.nokia.com or Python Course '06 CDROM.

S60 2nd Edition, Feature Pack 2 S60_2 <sup>nd</sup> _fp2_msb.zip PythonForSeries60_1_2_for_2ndEd_FP2_SDK.zip	6630, 6680, 6681	
S60 2nd Edition, Feature Pack 1 S60_sdk_2_1_NET.zip PythonForSeries60_1_2_for_2ndEd_FP1_SDK.zip	7610, 6620, 3230	
S60 2nd Edition S60_sdk_v2_0.zip	6600, 3650	

### **Build Environment Setup**

• Make a Subst drive as the root of your platform directory.

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe	- 🗆 🗙
C:\Symbian\8.0a\S60_2nd_FP2>subst p: C:\Symbian\8.0a\S60_2nd_FP2	<u> </u>
C:\Symbian\8.0a\S60_2nd_FP2>p:	
P:\>	

### Build Step 1

 Recommend copying pyext folder to platform SDK root directory – directory contains epoc32 folder.

#### C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe

P:\>cd pyext\music

```
P:\pyext\music>dir
Volume in drive P has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 7C73-52CF
```

Directory of P:\pyext\music

01/25/2006	11:21 PM <	DIR> .
01/25/2006	11:21 PM <	DIR>
01/25/2006	08:59 PM	56 bld.inf
01/25/2006	02:09 PM	489 music.mmp
01/25/2006	09:04 PM	230 music.pkg
01/25/2006	09:05 PM	1,295 music.ŜIŠ
01/25/2006	08:51 PM	3,859 tone.cpp
	5 File(s)	5,929 bytes
	2 Dir(s)	7,652,335,616 bytes free

P:\pyext\music>

- 0





### Build Step 4

• Freeze, build again. Only done 1<sup>st</sup> time and after EXPORTS change.

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe	Freeze
make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" Billion or g	
P:\pyext\music>abld freeze armi make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" FREEZE VERI WARNING: \PYEXT\BMARM\MUSICU.DEF: File not found - OK if freez:	BOSE=-s ing for first time
make -s -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\MUSIC\ARMI\MUSIC.AR EFREEZE: Appending 1 New Export(s) to \PYEXT\BMARM\MUSICU PF= MODULE_INIT_FUNCFv @ 1 NONAME R3UNUSED ; MODULF_INIT_FUNC()	Build
P:\pyext\music>abld build armi urel make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\EXPORT.make" EXPORT UI Nothing to do make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" MAKEFILE UI perl -S makmake.pl -D \PYEXT\MUSIC\MUSIC ARMI make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" LIBRARY UEI make -s -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" RESOURCE C	ERBOSE=-s ERBOSE=-s RBOSE=-s I'' LIBRARY FG=UREL VERBOSE=-s
make -s -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\MUSIC\ARMI\MUSIC.ARM] make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" TARGET CFG make -s -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\MUSIC\ARMI\MUSIC.ARM]	I" RESOURCEUREL =UREL VERBOSE=—s I" UREL
PETRAN - PE file preprocessor V01.00 (Build 191) Copyright (c) 1996-2004 Symbian Ltd.	
make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" FINAL CFG=U P:\pyext\music>_	JREL VERBOSE=-s

#### You've built the PYD! Where is it?

- The build tool chain puts the pyd under P:\epoc32\release\armi\urel
- So, in this case it's at P:\epoc32\release\armi\urel\music.pyd
- You can Bluetooth this file to your phone... or build a SIS "application installer" file.

## Building an SIS

- Use the makesis command with the music.pkg file in the example folder.
- Music.pkg is a text file listing the objects to be installed on the phone.
- Send SIS file to your phone using Bluetooth or Infrared.

C:\WINNT\system32\cmd.exe	- 🗆 🗙
make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\EXPORT.make" EXPORT VERBOSE=-s Nothing to do	<b>^</b>
make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" MAKEFILE VERBOSE=-s perl -S makmake.pl -D \PYEXT\MUSIC\MUSIC ARMI	
make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" LIBRARY UERBOSE=-s make -s -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\MUSIC\ARMI\MUSIC.ARMI" LIBRARY make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI make" RESOURCE CEC=UREL UERBOS	Fees
make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\MUSIC\ARMI\MUSIC.ARMI" RESOURCEURE make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" TARGET CFG=UREL VERBOSE=	EL S EL =-s
PETRAN - PE file preprocessor V01.00 (Build 191) Copyright (c) 1996-2004 Symbian Ltd.	
make -r -f "\EPOC32\BUILD\PYEXT\MUSIC\ARMI.make" FINAL CFG=UREL VERBOSE=-	-s
P:\pyext\music}makesis music.pkg Processing music.pkg Created music.SIS	
P:\pyext\music>	-

#### Installing an Extension Module

• There are TWO ways

The quick & easy way

- Alternative #1: Send the PYD file to the Phone Build process puts the .PYD in
  - Build process puts the .PYD in P:\epoc32\release\armi\urel
    - Right click on the .PYD file
    - 'Send To'→Bluetooth→Phone
- Alternative #2: Build and Send an SIS
  - You need to write a .PKG file
  - Use the makesis command.
    - "makesis music.pkg"
    - Right click on the SIS.
    - 'Send To'→Bluetooth→Phone

You can include other files in the package.

Can be uninstalled with the 'App Manager'

#### Using an Extension Module in Python

from music import \* tone(440, 250)

# Install Python on phone

S60 2nd Edition, Feature Pack 2 PythonForSeries60_for_2ndEd_SIS.zip	6630, 6680, 6681	E	
S60 2nd Edition, Feature Pack 1	7610, 6620, 3230		
S60 2nd Edition Programming Mobile Phones Workshop IAP 2006. Paul Wisner, Nokia Research Center Cambridge	6600, 3650		

#### Online Resources -Programming Python Extensions

#### • Resources

- Python.org <u>http://www.python.org</u>
- Python S60 SDK <u>http://forum.nokia.com</u>
- MISO Open Source Python Extension Library <u>http://pdis.hiit.fi/pdis/download/miso/</u>
- Documentation for writing Python extensions <u>http://python.org/doc/2.2.3/ext/ext.html</u>

#### • Pyrex

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"Pyrex lets you write code that mixes Python and C data types any way you want, and compiles it into a C extension for Python." <u>http://www.cosc.canterbury.ac.nz/~greg/python/Pyrex/</u>

## Summary of Key Points

- Symbian Python extensions are similar to normal python extensions.
  - C function implementations
  - Method table
  - Module initialization call
- Two initialization methods must be added for Symbian.
  - Python extension loader initialization function Symbain OS DLL loader initialization function
- Prototype C function implementation.
- Platform SDK is enough to build for phone target.
- Visual C++ or CodeWarrior needed to build for WINS emulator.
- Build steps for ARMI (phone target).
- Packaging step for making SIS file.

# Workshop Exercise Pt 1

Compile and Use and extension module

- Download PYEXT.ZIP from http://org.csail.mit.edu/mode  $\rightarrow$  IAP 2006 Class
- Extract to C:\Symbian\OS\_version\S60\_version for example: C:\Symbian\8.0a\S60\_2nd\_FP2
- Open a DOS shell
  - $C: \ge$  subst P: C:  $Symbian 8.0a S60_2nd_FP2$
  - $C: \backslash > P:$
  - P:\> cd pyext\music

  - 4. P:\pyext\music\> bldmake bldfiles
    5. P:\pyext\music\> abld build armi urel
    6. P:\pyext\music\> abld freeze armi
    7. P:\pyext\music\> abld build armi urel
    8. P:\pyext\music\> makesis music.pkg
- In File Explorer
  - left click on MUSIC.SIS and 'Send To'  $\rightarrow$  Bluetooth  $\rightarrow$  Phone
  - Left click on P:\pyext\ball\_tone.py and Send To $\rightarrow$ Bluetooth $\rightarrow$ Phone

 $\leftarrow$  expect some errors

• On Phone: Install both (any order) and Try Script from Python

#### Workshop Exercise Pt 2 Create or Modify a Python Extension Method

- In tone.cpp there is a method CToneAdapter::SetVolume(TInt aVolume) lacksquarefor changing the volume.
- Exercise steps:

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- Modify tone.cpp so that you can control the volume.
  - Suggestions:
    - Make another method similar to 'tone' that takes a volume argument.
  - Or add a third argument to the existing 'tone' method.
     Modify a Python script to use your new method.
- 2.
  - Suggestions:
    - Add sound to the snake.py
    - Modify ball\_tone.py

(solution is provided in pyext music sol)