## Robot Learning from Multivalued Demonstration



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## My Goal for Robotics

- Robot collaborators in human endeavors
  - Tools to enhance users' productivity
  - Become the path of least resistance
  - Critical path tasks?
  - Learning can broaden societal involvement

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### Challenges for the Personal Robotics Revolution

- Programming Autonomous Robots?
  - developing policies that accord with user's intended behavior
- Manipulation?
  - achieving desired physical effects, uncertainty
- Communication?
  - coordination between many humans and robots
- Integration
  - reproducible evaluation, feedback loop w/usability

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#### Programming Autonomous Robots?

 learn policies from demonstration (LfD) [Jenkins,Mataric 00-04] [Grollman,Jenkins 07-08]

### Manipulation?

• manifold learning to form subspace priors [Jenkins,Peters 05-06] [Tsoli,Jenkins 07-08]

### Communication?

- Multi-robot MRFs; [Butterfield, Jenkins, et al. 07-08]
- Peer-to-peer HRI [Loper, Jenkins, et al. 07-08]
- Integration

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Focus of this talk: Multivalued functions in robot LfD

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Thursday at 13:30:"Neighborhood Denoising for Learning High-Dimensional Grasping Manifolds"

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Wednesday during CPS session "MRFs for Cyber-Physical Systems"

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IJCAI 09 Robotics Challenges

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### Learning from Demonstration

- Assume: true policy is a function π (S)→ A
   maps states S to actions A, plus noise
- Training: dataset of state-action pairs (si,ai)
   instances of user policy π (si)→ ai
  - latent task objective G (known to user)
- Estimate: policy π̂ to perform task, meet G:
   bootstrapped reinforcement learning
   function approximation (regression)

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13



[Mackay 98; Csato, Opper 02]

Input similarity kernel

## **GP** Regression Basics

$$C_{ij} = q(\mathbf{x}_i, \mathbf{x}_j) + \delta_{ij}\sigma_{\nu}^2$$

Compute similarity matrix C

$$k_i = q(\mathbf{x}', \mathbf{x}_i)$$
  
 $\mathbf{\hat{t}} = \mathbf{k}^\top \mathbf{C}^{-1} \mathbf{T}$ 

Predict output *t* from similarity matrix

$$\sigma_{\hat{\mathbf{t}}}^2 = (1 + \sigma_{\nu}^2) - \mathbf{k}^\top \mathbf{C}^{-1} \mathbf{k}$$

Compute confidence variance

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 $q(\mathbf{x}_i, \mathbf{x}_j) = \exp \frac{||\mathbf{x}_i = \mathbf{x}_j||^2}{2\sigma_k^2}$ 

# Object Tracking Example UsingGaussian Process Regression[Grollman, Jenkins 07]



# Conjecture

- Desired controllers #> math. functions
  - demonstrated control can be multivalued
    - single perceived state  $\rightarrow$  multiple actions
- When would this occur?
  - training has multiple underlying policies
    - learn a FSM? or robot soccer?
  - ambiguous state spaces
    - "state space race"

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### **Open Area? Multivalued LfD**

# "Multivaluedness" partitions LfD work: skill-level: learn policy for single objective

• [Schaal, Atkeson 98; Abbeel, Ng 04; Smart, Kaelbling 02]



### **Open Area? Multivalued LfD**

- "Multivaluedness" partitions LfD work:
  skill-level: learn policy for single objective
  - [Schaal, Atkeson 98; Abbeel, Ng 04; Smart, Kaelbling 02]
  - task-level: given skills, learn transitions

18

• [Nicolescu, Mataric 03; Bentivegna et al 01; Lockerd, Breazeal 06]



## **Multivalued Demonstration**

- Partition true world state S = {So,Su}
  - So: robot observable state variables
  - Su: unobservable by robot, maybe human
     objectives, task context, other features
- Demonstration data: (soi,ai) ;  $\pi$  (soi,sui)  $\rightarrow$  A





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- If S<sub>0</sub> ≈ S, then p(a|s<sub>0</sub>') is unimodal distribution
- Otherwise, p(a|so') potentially multimodal

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20



### Can Robot Soccer Be Learned from Demonstration?



## Internal Context

- Ball Acquire needs a context bit
  - during trap, ball goes out of view
  - similar states produce different actions
    - based on unobserved context
    - chest sensor?



(a) Walk



(b) Approach

ball out of view:

seek or trap?

(c) Transition



(d) Trap

Rob<sup>action</sup> in trap context Autonomy at Brown

Jenkins action in seek context Multivalued Robot Learning

## **Internal Context**





Ζ3

(b) Approach



(c) Transition



(d) Trap

action in seek context **Jenkins Multivalued Robot Learning** 

(a) Walk



Rob action in trap context nd Autonomy at Brown

## **Multivalued LfD**

- Our approach: extract multiple policies
  - Cause of multivalued data is unimportant
  - Only distinguishing modes of actions|state

### Research roadmap

- Uncover multiple policies as "experts"
  - Infinite "multimap" regression [Grollman poster]
- Estimate FSMs over experts [Nicolescu, Mataric 03]
- Optimize individual experts [Abbeel, Ng 04]

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24



[Wood, Grollman et al. 08]

# **Multimap Regression**

- Learn data gating function partition
  based on inputoutput likelihood
  Expert learns policy for each gate
  Sparse Online
  - **Gaussian Processes**

[Csato,Opper 02]

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25



Hierarchical Mixtures of Experts [Jordan, Jacobs 94]: Experts learn pieces of function Gates blend these pieces together

### Square Root Example

- Consider y = sqrt(x)
  - averaging outputs will be incorrect
  - 2 regressors needed for pos. and neg.



# **Preliminary Results**

- Multimap regression on Ball Acquire data
  - (+) Data partitions into "seek" & "trap"
  - (-) Both experts do both seek and trap
  - (+) Experts perform correctly from initialized partition

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27





## Summary

- Learning from demonstration as a means to program autonomous robots
- Multivalued demonstration data
   perceived state maps to multiple actions
- Infinite mixtures of experts regression
  promising results for learning robot soccer

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28



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29



Robotics Learning and Autonomy at Brown

