

Download these slides!

https://people.csail.mit.edu/seneff/2022/AutismOne2022.pptx Powerpoint slides

https://people.csail.mit.edu/seneff/2022/AutismOne2022.pdf PDF file – two per page

Outline

- Introduction
- Glyphosate Disrupts Sulfate Supply
- Autism and Sulfate
- Sulfate and the Brain
- Glyphosate, Autism and the Gut
- Glyphosate, Sulfate and Reproductive Issues
- How to Keep Your Family Healthy

3

Introduction







My New Book!

- Released by Chelsea Green in July 2021
- Presents extensive data on glyphosate toxicity to animals and humans
- Shows how glyphosate interferes with sulfate homeostasis
- Argues that glyphosate is insidiously, cumulatively toxic through its diabolical insertion into proteins by mistake in place of the coding amino acid glycine
 - This unique feature explains why it is causal in so many diseases





Main Toxic Effects of Glyphosate* Kills beneficial gut bacteria and allows pathogens to overgrow Interferes with function of cytochrome P450 (CYP) enzymes in the liver These enzymes serve many important roles, including making bile acids, activating vitamin D, detoxifying many toxic chemicals and breaking down prescription drugs Chelates (binds tightly to) important minerals like cobalt, manganese and zinc, making them unavailable to the cells Interferes with the synthesis of aromatic amino acids and methionine Disrupts sulfate synthesis and sulfate transport





The Importance of Cholesterol Sulfate Cholesterol sulfate, produced in the skin, supplies cholesterol, sulfate, and protons to all the tissues Sulfate is synthesized from sulfide in the skin and blood stream utilizing the energy in sunlight Cholesterol sulfate from the skin goes into the blood and enters the membranes of red blood cells, platelets and lipid particles It protects them all from glycation and oxidative damage Sunscreen interferes with this process



Sulfated Glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) Prominent in extracellular Chondroitin-6-sulfate n = 20-60 matrix of all cells Controls uptake of NHCOCH nutrients and signaling H₂OSO₃ Keratan sulfate molecules Amount of sulfate NHCOCH depends on availability Heparan sulfate n = 15-30 Crucial for maintaining ٠ negative charge and gelled (COCH₃) water Heparin 15-30 SO3⁻ (COCH3) http://www.science-autism.org/sulphate.htm





Multiple species of bacteria and multiple species of weeds have developed resistance to glyphosate by swapping out a crucial glycine residue in the enzyme EPSP synthase in the shikimate pathway, replacing it with alanine.*

*S Seneff et al. J Bioinfo Proteomics Rev 2016; 2(3): 1-21.



"Pathogenesis of COVID-19 described through the lens of an undersulfated and degraded epithelial and endothelial glycocalyx"*

"The undersulfated glycocalyx may not only increase susceptibility to SARS-CoV-2 infection, but would also result in a hyperinflammatory response, vascular permeability, and shedding of the glycocalyx components, giving rise to a procoagulant and antifibrinolytic state and eventual multiple organ failure."



Figure from: V Masola et al. Int J Mol Sci 2021; 22: 2996.

*Heidi N. du Preez et al. FASEB J. 2022; 36: e22052z





Sulfate's Critical Role for Maintaining Exclusion Zone Water*

- The glycocalyx which lines blood vessels generates electricity to supply the cells
- The glycocalyx extrudes protons
- Hypothesis:
 - Protons enter the cells along cytoskeletal "wires"
 - They fuel the mitochondrial intermembrane space
- Sulfate is crucial for maintaining gelled water in the glycocalyx
- Sulfated glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) become depleted in sulfate with chronic exposure to glyphosate *S Seneff and G Nigh. Water 2019; 11: 22-42.

https://waterjournal.org/current-volume/seneff-summary/

Autism and Sulfate

23

Sulfate in Fetal Development* • Fetus depends on mother for sulfate supply • Sulfate is essential for transporting sterols (like estrogen and DHEA) and supplying extracellular matrix proteins everywhere with sufficient negative charge • Sulfate detoxifies xenobiotics like acetaminophen (Tylenol) and is essential for excreting toxins like aluminum and mercury • Sulfate is severely deficient in autistic children (1/3 the normal level of free sulfate in blood stream) *PA Dawson, "Sulfate in Fetal Development," Semin Cell Dev Biol 2011;22(6): 653-9.





	emary Waring Found Extremely Abnormal ary Sulfur Products in Autism* TABLE 1. Excretion of urinary protein and anions in autism			
	·	Autism ($n = 232$)	Controls $(n = 68)$	
	Age (years) Protein μg ml ⁻¹	7.6 ± 2.4 103.2 ± 89.9*	8.5 ± 3.7 64.5 ± 27.5	
-	Sulphite	$106.9 \pm 162.9^*$	2.1 ± 6.3	>
	Thiosulphate Thiocyanate	$130.8 \pm 148.1*$ 6.4 ± 16.9*	18.6 ± 25.0 44.0 ± 101.0	
	Sulphate	$6819.0 \pm 6712.3*$		
	Anion excretion is given in nmol ml ⁻¹ , mean \pm SD* $p < 0.001$ (Wilcoxon rank sum test).			
	*RH Waring and LV Klovrza. Journal of Nutritional &			
	Environmental Medicine 2000; 10: 25-3			0: 25-32.
7			-	



Glyphosate Plausibly Disrupts Sulfur Enzymes

Sulfite oxidase (SuOx)*

- Depends on molybdenum as catalyst (glyphosate chelation could make it unavailable)
- Changing glycine at residue 473 with aspartate destroys enzyme activity
 - Leads to severe impairment in ability to bind sulfite and 5-fold reduction in catalysis
 - Aspartate has similar properties as glyphosate, being bulky and negatively charged
- Defective SuOx leads to severe birth defects and neurological problems resulting. in early death

The sulfotransferases**

• GxxGxxK motif required for binding PAPS (activated sulfate)

*H.L. Wilson et al., Biochemistry 2006, 45, 2149-2160 2149. **K. Komatsu et al., Biochem and Biophys Res Comm 1994;204(3): 1178-1185.









"Thimerosal Exposure and the Role of Sulfation Chemistry and Thiol Availability in Autism"*

"The purpose of the present critical review is to provide mechanistic insight regarding how limited thiol [organosulfur compound] availability, abnormal sulfation chemistry, and decreased GSH [glutathione] reserve capacity in children with an ASD could make them more susceptible to the toxic effects of TM [Thimerosal] routinely administered as part of mandated childhood immunization schedules."



*JK Kern et al. Int. J. Environ. Res. Public Health 2013, 10, 3771-3800.

33

Sulfate and the Brain









Autism-like socio-communicative deficits and stereotypies in mice lacking heparan sulfate*

- Experiment with "designer" mice: blocked heparan sulfate synthesis in brain ventricles
 - Mice exhibited all the classic features of autism – both cognitive and social



"Fractone-associated N-sulfated heparan sulfate shows reduced quantity in BTBR T+tf/J mice: a strong model of autism."**

* F. Irie et al., PNAS Mar. 27, 2012, 109(13), 5052-5056.
**KZ Meyza et al., Behav Brain Res 2012;228:247–53.

39

"Glyphosate exposure induces synaptic impairment in hippocampal neurons and cognitive deficits in developing rats"*

- Glyphosate-treated hippocampal neurons in culture showed a decrease in dendritic complexity (fewer synaptic connections)
- Rat pups were exposed to glyphosate (every two days from 7 days old to 27 days old)
 - Induced cognitive impairments
 - Reduced synaptic protein expression in hippocampus
 - Too few long-distance connections just as observed in autism in humans



*Sebastian Luna et al. Arch Toxicol 2021; 95(6): 2137-2150.

"Anxiety and Gene Expression Enhancement in Mice Exposed to Glyphosate-Based Herbicide"*

- Mice exposed to low-dose glyphosate-based herbicide for six weeks exhibited increased anxiety-like behavior
- Decreased serotonin expression in the amygdala. (the brain center for emotion)
- Neuronal hyperactivity observed in the amygdala
 - Linked to anxiety behaviors
- Serotonin inhibits glutamate release
- Glutamate activates receptors that induce excessive excitation of neurons and can lead to neurotoxicity

*Yassine Ait bali et al. Toxics 2022; 10: 226.

41

Glyphosate, Autism and the Gut











Dissimilatory sulfate reduction induced by glyphosate

- Multiple enzymes involved in *assimilatory* sulfate reduction in E coli are disrupted by glyphosate (PAPS reductase, APS kinase, sulfite reductase)*
 - Causes deficiency in sulfur-containing amino acids
 - Leads to increase in Desulfovibrio and Bilophila wadsworthia species
 - Dissimilatory sulfate reduction \rightarrow excessive hydrogen sulfide gas \rightarrow brain fog
- Disrupted sulfur assimilation leads to impaired iron absorption**
 - Iron deficiency anemia is an epidemic worldwide

*W Lu et al. Mol Biosyst. 2013 Mar;9(3):522-30. **BH Hudson et al. PNAS 2018 ePub ahead of print.

Is Encephalopathy a Mechanism to Renew Sulfate in Autism?*

Abstract: "This paper makes two claims:

(1) Autism can be characterized as a chronic low-grade encephalopathy, associated with excess exposure to nitric oxide, ammonia and glutamate in the central nervous system, which leads to hippocampal pathologies and resulting cognitive impairment, and

(2) Encephalitis is provoked by a systemic deficiency in sulfate, but associated seizures and fever support sulfate restoration. ..."

*S Seneff et al., Entropy 2013; 15: 372-406.



Glyphosate, Sulfate and Reproductive Issues



Glyphosate and Premature Birth*

- Study based in Puerto Rico
- 53 cases (premature birth); 194 controls
- Models are adjusted for maternal age, education, pre-pregnancy BMI, and smoking
- Measured both glyphosate and AMPA
 AMPA is a breakdown product of glyphosate
- Women who had high (> 0.65 micrograms/Liter) levels of AMPA in their urine at 26 weeks of gestation had a 4.5-fold increased risk of premature birth (p< 0.006). High urinary glyphosate was associated with a 3.77-fold increased risk.



*Monica K Silver et al. Environmental Health Perspectives 2021; 29(5): 057011.





55



- Anogenital distance in girls was longer (more male typical) in association with higher urinary levels of glyphosate
- An earlier study on rats found a similar result**
- Glyphosate suppresses aromatase, which converts testosterone to estrogen
- Confirms that glyphosate is an endocrine disruptor in humans

*Corina Lesseur et al. Environmental Pollution 2021; 280: 117002. **Manservisi et al. Environmental Health 2019; 18: 15.

Longer anogenital distance in females is linked to infertility

- Women in the highest tertile of anogenital distance had an 18-fold increased risk of having polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS)*
 - Associated with irregular periods or no menstrual cycle, plus excess growth of hair
- PCOS is the most common cause of female infertility, affecting as much as 20% of the world's female population
- Women with PCOS have an increased risk of being diagnosed with autism and of having progeny with autism**,***

*Yingchen Wu et al. Human Reproduction 2017 Apr 1;32(4):937-943. **Maria Katsigianni et al. Molecular Psychiatry 2019 Dec;24(12):1787-1797** ***W Oostdijk et al. J Clin Endocrinol Metab 2015;100(4):E672-80.





How to Keep Your Family Healthy







Supplemental Sources of Sulfur*

- glucosamine sulfate
- chondroitin sulfate
- glutathione
- N-acetylcysteine
- alpha lipoic acid
- taurine
- DMSO, MSM
- S-adenosylmethionine (SAMe)
- Epsom salts (Mg-sulfate)

These can have many beneficial effects and are nearly nontoxic

My personal favorite is Epsom salt baths: Magnesium sulfate uptake through the skin

*S Parcell, Alternative Medicine Review 7(1), 2002, 22-44



Summary

- Sulfate plays many essential roles in the body
 - Sulfate dysbiosis is a core feature of autism
- Heparan sulfate deficiency in the brain is associated with autism in both humans and mouse models
- Sulfate synthesis and transfer depend critically on specific glycine residues in the enzymes that do this work
 - Glyphosate substitution for glycine would disrupt these enzymes
- A low-grade encephalopathy characterizes autism, and it can induce a resupply of sulfate mediated by the amino acid taurine and the gut microbes
- Glyphosate disrupts development in girls with a link to PCOS
 - PCOS is a major risk factor for female infertility and for autism
- A high-sulfur certified organic diet and abundant sun exposure are keys to good health and longevity