

Supplementary Material—Switchable Deep Network for Pedestrian Detection

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1. Proof of Eq.(7) and Eq.(8)

The energy function of SRBM is formulated as

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) &= - \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} (\mathbf{W}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) \\
 &\quad - \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^{kT} (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) - \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k - \mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}.
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

Substituting the energy function into the general joint distribution, we obtain the corresponding probability density function (PDF)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) &= \frac{1}{Z} \exp(-E(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m})) \\
 &= \frac{1}{Z} \exp\left(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} (\mathbf{W}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^{kT} (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}\right).
 \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

For the convenience, we define the number of components, number of visible nodes, number of hidden nodes for each component, and the number of categories as K , N , M , and L , respectively.

1.1. Conditional Probability for Sampling Hidden Features

The conditional probability of the hidden features \mathbf{h}^l of the l -th component is

$$P(\mathbf{h}^l | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) = \frac{P(\mathbf{h}^l, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m})}{P(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m})} \tag{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}} \setminus \mathbf{h}^l} P(\tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m})}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}} P(\tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m})}
 \end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}} \setminus \mathbf{h}^l} \exp(-E(\tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}))}{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}} \exp(-E(\tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}))}
 \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^{kT} (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y})}{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^{kT} (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y})} \times
 \end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}} \setminus \mathbf{h}^l} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^{kT} (\mathbf{W}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k)}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^{kT} (\mathbf{W}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k)}
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}} \setminus \mathbf{h}^t} \tilde{\mathbf{H}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{j=1}^M s^k \tilde{h}_j^k (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + b_j^k + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}} \tilde{\mathbf{H}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{j=1}^M s^k \tilde{h}_j^k (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + b_j^k + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))} \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^1} \exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^1 \tilde{h}_j^1 (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^1 (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^1) + b_j^1 + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^1} \exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^1 \tilde{h}_j^1 (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^1 (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^1) + b_j^1 + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))} \times \quad (9)$$

$$\dots \times \frac{\exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^t h_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^t} \exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^t \tilde{h}_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))} \times \quad (10)$$

$$\dots \times \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^K} \exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^K \tilde{h}_j^K (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^K (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^K) + b_j^K + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^K} \exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^K \tilde{h}_j^K (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^K (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^K) + b_j^K + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))} \quad (11)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^t h_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^t} \exp(\sum_{j=1}^M s^t \tilde{h}_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j}))} \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{j=1}^M e^{s^t h_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^t} \prod_{j=1}^M e^{s^t \tilde{h}_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}} \quad (13)$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{j=1}^M e^{s^t h_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}}{\sum_{\tilde{h}_1^t} e^{s^t \tilde{h}_1^t (\mathbf{w}_{1*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_1^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*1})} \times \dots \times \sum_{\tilde{h}_M^t} e^{s^t \tilde{h}_M^t (\mathbf{w}_{M*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_M^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*M})}} \quad (14)$$

$$= \prod_{j=1}^M \frac{e^{s^t h_j^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}}{1 + e^{s^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}} \quad (15)$$

$$= \prod_{j=1}^M P(h_j^t | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}). \quad (16)$$

We obtain the probability of a particular hidden unit $h_j^t \in \{0, 1\}$ being active given $\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}$ by:

$$P(h_j^t = 1 | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) = \frac{e^{s^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}}{1 + e^{s^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}} \quad (17)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-s^t (\mathbf{w}_{j*}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + b_j^t + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j})}}. \quad (18)$$

Then, we rewrite the conditional probability in a matrix form:

$$P(\mathbf{h}^t = 1 | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) = \tau(s^t (\mathbf{W}^t (\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^t) + \mathbf{b}^t + \mathbf{U}^T \mathbf{y})), \quad (19)$$

where $\tau(\mathbf{x}) = 1/(1 + \exp(-\mathbf{x}))$ is the sigmoid function.

1.2. Conditional Probability for Sampling Visible Data

Here, we derive the conditional probability for \mathbf{x} .

$$P(\mathbf{x}|\mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) = \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} P(\mathbf{x}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m})}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}} P(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m})} \quad (20)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \exp(-E(\mathbf{x}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}))}{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}} \exp(-E(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}))} \quad (21)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} \mathbf{b}^k)}{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} \mathbf{b}^k)} \times \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \exp(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^T U \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{d}^T \tilde{\mathbf{y}})}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \exp(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^T U \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{d}^T \tilde{\mathbf{y}})} \quad (22)$$

$$\times \frac{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k (\mathbf{h}^{kT} \mathbf{W}^k + \mathbf{c}^{kT})(\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k (\mathbf{h}^{kT} \mathbf{W}^k + \mathbf{c}^{kT})(\tilde{\mathbf{x}} \circ \mathbf{m}^k))} \quad (23)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^N s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k) x_i m_i^k)}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^N s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k) \tilde{x}_i m_i^k)} \quad (24)$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{i=1}^N e^{x_i \sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_i^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k)}}{\sum_{\tilde{x}_1} e^{\tilde{x}_1 \sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_1^k (\mathbf{W}_{1*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_1^k)} \times \dots \times \sum_{\tilde{x}_N} e^{\tilde{x}_N \sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_N^k (\mathbf{W}_{N*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_N^k)}} \quad (25)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{e^{x_i \sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_i^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k)}}{1 + e^{\sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_i^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k)}} \quad (26)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^N P(x_i | \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}). \quad (27)$$

We obtain the probability of a particular visible unit $x_i \in \{0, 1\}$ being active given $\mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}$ by

$$P(x_i = 1 | \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) = \frac{e^{\sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_i^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k)}}{1 + e^{\sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_i^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k)}} \quad (28)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\sum_{k=1}^K s^k m_i^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k)}}. \quad (29)$$

The conditional probability of \mathbf{x} is written in matrix form as

$$P(\mathbf{x} = 1 | \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{m}) = \tau \left(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{m}^k (\mathbf{W}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{c}^k) \right). \quad (30)$$

1.3. Conditional Probability for Sampling Labels

The conditional probability of \mathbf{y} is

$$P(\mathbf{y}|\mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}) = \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}} P(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}})}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}} P(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}})} \quad (31)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}} \exp(-E(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}}))}{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}} \exp(-E(\tilde{\mathbf{x}}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}}))} \quad (32)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k T (\mathbf{W}^k (\tilde{\mathbf{x}} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^k T (\tilde{\mathbf{x}} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{x}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{X}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k T (\mathbf{W}^k (\tilde{\mathbf{x}} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^k T (\tilde{\mathbf{x}} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k))} \quad (33)$$

$$\times \frac{\exp(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y})}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}} \exp(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{d}^T \tilde{\mathbf{y}})} \quad (34)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\sum_{l=1}^L y_l (\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}} \exp(\sum_{l=1}^L \tilde{y}_l (\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l))} \quad (35)$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{l=1}^L e^{y_l (\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l)}}{\sum_{\tilde{y}_1} e^{\tilde{y}_1 (\mathbf{U}_{1*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_1)} \times \dots \times \sum_{\tilde{y}_L} e^{\tilde{y}_L (\mathbf{U}_{L*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_L)}} \quad (36)$$

$$= \prod_{l=1}^L \frac{e^{y_l (\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l)}}{1 + e^{\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l}} \quad (37)$$

$$= \prod_{l=1}^L P(y_l | \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}). \quad (38)$$

We get the probability of a particular label $y_l \in \{0, 1\}$ being active given \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s} by

$$P(y_l = 1 | \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}) = \frac{e^{\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l}}{1 + e^{\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l}} \quad (39)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\mathbf{U}_{l*} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + d_l)}}. \quad (40)$$

The conditional probability of \mathbf{y} is written as

$$P(\mathbf{y} = 1 | \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}) = \tau(\mathbf{U}(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k) + \mathbf{d}). \quad (41)$$

1.4. Conditional Probability for Sampling Saliency Maps

The conditional probability of the mask \mathbf{m}^ℓ of the ℓ -th component is

$$P(\mathbf{m}^\ell | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}) = \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}} \setminus \mathbf{m}^\ell}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} P(\mathbf{x}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}})}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} P(\mathbf{x}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}})} \quad (42)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}} \setminus \mathbf{m}^\ell}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \exp(-E(\mathbf{x}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}}))}{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \exp(-E(\mathbf{x}, \tilde{\mathbf{y}}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}}))} \quad (43)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} \mathbf{b}^k)}{\exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} \mathbf{b}^k)} \times \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \exp(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{d}^T \tilde{\mathbf{y}})}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{y}}} \exp(\tilde{\mathbf{y}}^T \mathbf{U} \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^k + \mathbf{d}^T \tilde{\mathbf{y}})} \times \quad (44)$$

$$\frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}} \setminus \mathbf{m}^\ell}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} (\mathbf{W}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^{kT} (\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k))}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{h}^{kT} (\mathbf{W}^k (\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \sum_{k=1}^K s^k \mathbf{c}^{kT} (\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k))} \quad (45)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}} \setminus \mathbf{m}^\ell}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^N s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k) x_i \tilde{m}_i^k)}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}}^{\tilde{\mathbf{M}}} \exp(\sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{i=1}^N s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \mathbf{h}^k + c_i^k) x_i \tilde{m}_i^k)} \quad (46)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^1} \exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^1 (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{1T} \mathbf{h}^1 + c_i^1) x_i \tilde{m}_i^1)}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^1} \exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^1 (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{1T} \mathbf{h}^1 + c_i^1) x_i \tilde{m}_i^1)} \times \dots \quad (47)$$

$$\times \frac{\exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^\ell (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell) x_i \tilde{m}_i^\ell)}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^\ell} \exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^\ell (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell) x_i \tilde{m}_i^\ell)} \times \dots \quad (48)$$

$$\times \frac{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^K} \exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^K (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{KT} \mathbf{h}^K + c_i^K) x_i \tilde{m}_i^K)}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^K} \exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^K (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{KT} \mathbf{h}^K + c_i^K) x_i \tilde{m}_i^K)} \quad (49)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^\ell (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell) x_i \tilde{m}_i^\ell)}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^\ell} \exp(\sum_{i=1}^N s^\ell (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell) x_i \tilde{m}_i^\ell)} \quad (50)$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{i=1}^N e^{s^\ell x_i (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell) \tilde{m}_i^\ell}}{\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_1^\ell} e^{s^\ell x_1 (\mathbf{W}_{1*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_1^\ell) \tilde{m}_1^\ell} \times \dots \times \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}_N^\ell} e^{s^\ell x_N (\mathbf{W}_{N*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_N^\ell) \tilde{m}_N^\ell}} \quad (51)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{e^{s^\ell x_i (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell) \tilde{m}_i^\ell}}{1 + e^{s^\ell x_i (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell) \tilde{m}_i^\ell}} \quad (52)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^N P(m_i^\ell | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}). \quad (53)$$

We get the probability of a particular mask unit i of component ℓ , $m_i^\ell \in [0, 1]$ being active given \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s} by

$$P(m_i^\ell = 1 | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}) = \frac{e^{s^\ell x_i (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell)}}{1 + e^{s^\ell x_i (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell)}} \quad (54)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-s^\ell x_i (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + c_i^\ell)}}. \quad (55)$$

Then, we rewrite the conditional probability of \mathbf{m}_ℓ as

$$P(\mathbf{m}^\ell = 1 | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{s}) = \tau(s^\ell \mathbf{x} (\mathbf{W}^{\ell T} \mathbf{h}^\ell + \mathbf{c}^\ell)). \quad (56)$$

1.5. Conditional Probability for Sampling Switch Variables

Subject to the constraint $s^k \in [0, 1]$, $\sum_{k=1}^K s^k = 1$, the probability of sampling switch variable s^l is derived as

$$P(s^l = 1 | \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{m}) = \frac{P(s^l = 1, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{m})}{\sum_{k=1}^K P(s^k = 1, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{m})} \quad (57)$$

$$= \frac{\exp(\mathbf{h}^{lT}(\mathbf{W}^l(\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^l) + \mathbf{b}^l) + c^{lT}(\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^l) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \mathbf{h}^l)}{\sum_{k=1}^K \exp(\mathbf{h}^{kT}(\mathbf{W}^k(\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + c^{kT}(\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^k) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \mathbf{h}^k)} \quad (58)$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z_0} \exp(\mathbf{h}^{lT}(\mathbf{W}^l(\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^l) + \mathbf{b}^l) + c^{lT}(\mathbf{x} \circ \mathbf{m}^l) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \mathbf{h}^l). \quad (59)$$

where Z_0 indicates a normalized factor which is equal to the sum of all components.

2. Proof of Eq.(10)

$P(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} | \mathbf{x})$ can be defined by integrating over \mathbf{h} and \mathbf{m} . The detailed derivations are as follows:

$$P(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} | \mathbf{s}) \propto \frac{1}{Z} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}}} e^{-E(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \mathbf{s}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}})} \quad (60)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}}} e^{\sum_{k=1}^K s^k (\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^{kT}(\mathbf{W}^k(\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c^{kT}(\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k))} \quad (61)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}, \tilde{\mathbf{m}}} \prod_{k=1}^K e^{s^k (\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^{kT}(\mathbf{W}^k(\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k) + \mathbf{b}^k) + \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c^{kT}(\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k))} \quad (62)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k} e^{s^k (\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^{kT} \mathbf{W}^k + c^{kT})(\mathbf{x} \circ \tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k)} \quad (63)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k} e^{s^k \sum_{i=1}^N (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_i^k)(x_i \tilde{m}_i^k)} \quad (64)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{m}}^k} \prod_{i=1}^N e^{s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_i^k)(x_i \tilde{m}_i^k)} \quad (65)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \prod_{i=1}^N \sum_{\tilde{m}_i^k} e^{s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_i^k)(x_i \tilde{m}_i^k)} \quad (66)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \prod_{i=1}^N (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_i^k) x_i}) \quad (67)$$

$$(68)$$

In order to simplify the expression, we firstly expand the term $\prod_{i=1}^N (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_i^k) x_i})$, which is similar to binomial expression, and then define a series of $G_{lk} (l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N)$, where G_{lk} indicates that we choose 1 term $N - k$ times and exponent term k times generally. Extremely, G_{l0} means we choose 1 term N times, exponent term 0 time, and G_{lN} means we choose 1 term 0 time, exponent term N times. Taking the common multiplication factor $e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k}$ into account, we are able to write G_{lk} as follows.

$$G_{0k} = e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} * 1^N \quad (69)$$

$$G_{1k} = e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} * 1^{N-1} * (e^{s^k(\mathbf{W}_{1*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_1^k)x_1} + e^{s^k(\mathbf{W}_{2*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_2^k)x_2} + \dots + e^{s^k(\mathbf{W}_{N*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_N^k)x_N}) \quad (70)$$

$$G_{2k} = e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} * 1^{N-2} * (e^{s^k(\mathbf{W}_{1*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_1^k)x_1 + s^k(\mathbf{W}_{2*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_2^k)x_2} + \dots + e^{s^k(\mathbf{W}_{N-1*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_{N-1}^k)x_{N-1} + s^k(\mathbf{W}_{N*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_N^k)x_N}) \quad (71)$$

$$e^{s^k(\mathbf{W}_{1*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_1^k)x_1 + s^k(\mathbf{W}_{3*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_3^k)x_3} + \dots + e^{s^k(\mathbf{W}_{N-1*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_{N-1}^k)x_{N-1} + s^k(\mathbf{W}_{N*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_N^k)x_N} \quad (72)$$

$$\dots \quad (73)$$

$$G_{Nk} = e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} * 1^0 * e^{\sum_{i=1}^N s^k(\mathbf{W}_{i*}^{kT} \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k + c_i^k)x_i} \quad (74)$$

Then

$$P(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} | \mathbf{s}) \propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \sum_{l=0}^N G_{lk} \quad (75)$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{l=0}^N \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} G_{lk} \quad (76)$$

Next we calculate $\sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k}$ operation for each G_{lk} , and could obtain a series of Q_{lk} ($l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N$). For example, when $l = 0$, the derivation for Q_{l0} is,

$$Q_{0k} = \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} G_{0k} \quad (77)$$

$$= \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U} + \mathbf{b}^T) \tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \quad (78)$$

$$= \sum_{\tilde{\mathbf{h}}^k} \prod_{j=1}^M e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T) \tilde{h}_j^k} \quad (79)$$

$$= \prod_{j=1}^M \sum_{\tilde{h}_j^k} e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T) \tilde{h}_j^k} \quad (80)$$

$$= \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k(\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T)}) \quad (81)$$

$$(82)$$

Similarly, when $l = 1, 2, \dots, N$,

$$Q_{1k} = e^{s^k x_1 c_1^k} \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T + x_1 \mathbf{W}_{1j}^{kT})}) + e^{s^k x_2 c_2^k} \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T + x_2 \mathbf{W}_{2j}^{kT})}) + \dots \quad (83)$$

$$+ e^{s^k x_N c_N^k} \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T + x_N \mathbf{W}_{Nj}^{kT})}) \quad (84)$$

$$Q_{2k} = e^{s^k (x_1 c_1^k + x_2 c_2^k)} \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T + x_1 \mathbf{W}_{1j}^{kT} + x_2 \mathbf{W}_{2j}^{kT})}) + \quad (85)$$

$$e^{s^k (x_1 c_1^k + x_3 c_3^k)} \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T + x_1 \mathbf{W}_{1j}^{kT} + x_3 \mathbf{W}_{3j}^{kT})}) + \dots \quad (86)$$

$$e^{s^k (x_{N-1} c_{N-1}^k + x_N c_N^k)} \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T + x_{N-1} \mathbf{W}_{(N-1)j}^{kT} + x_N \mathbf{W}_{Nj}^{kT})}) \quad (87)$$

$$\dots \quad (88)$$

$$Q_{Nk} = e^{\sum_{i=1}^N s^k x_i c_i^k} \prod_{j=1}^M (1 + e^{s^k (\mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{U}_{*j} + \mathbf{b}_j^T + \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \mathbf{W}_{ij}^{kT})}) \quad (89)$$

Therefore, we could rewrite $P(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}|\mathbf{s})$ as:

$$P(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}|\mathbf{s}) \propto \frac{1}{Z} e^{\mathbf{d}^T \mathbf{y}} \prod_{k=1}^K \sum_{l=0}^N Q_{lk} \quad (90)$$