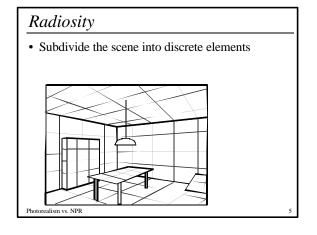
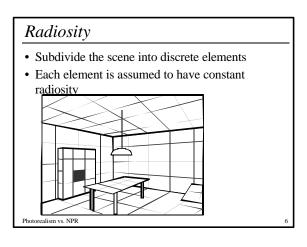
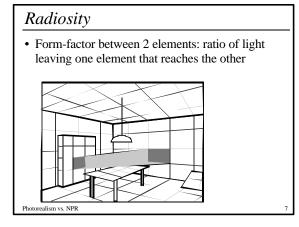




- E.g. Lightscape
- Assume surfaces diffuse (independent of direction)

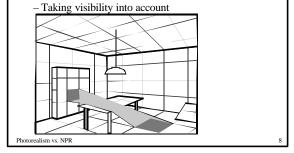






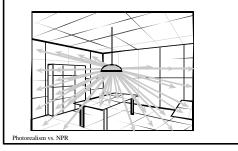
### Radiosity

• Form-factor between 2 elements: ratio of light leaving one element that reaches the other



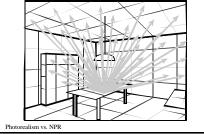
#### Radiosity

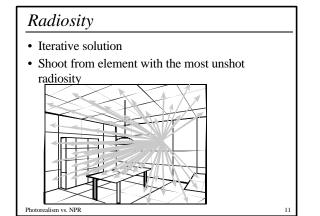
- Iterative solution
- Shoot light from the most luminous source



# Radiosity

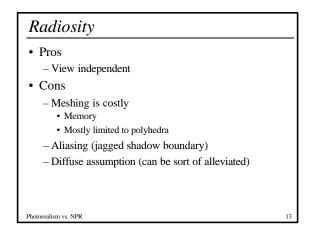
- Iterative solution
- Shoot from element with the most unshot radiosity





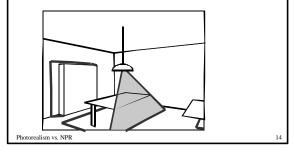
• Smoothing and other gimmicks

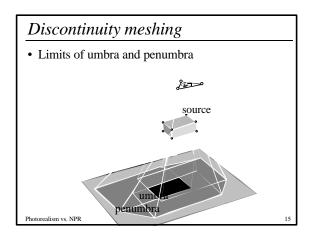


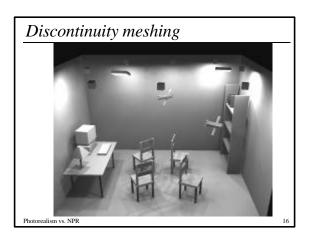


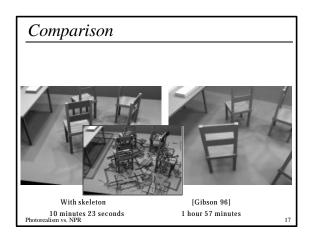
#### Discontinuity meshing

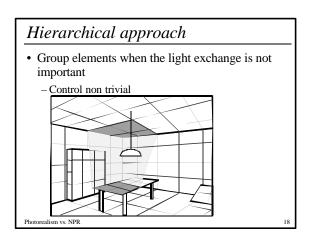
- Subdivide along shadow boundary
- But costly and complex (not in commercial soft)



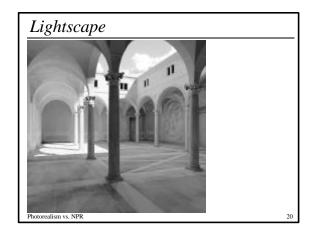




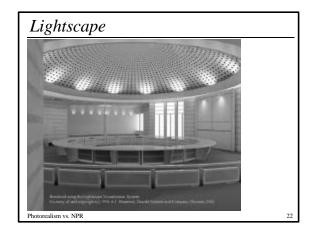


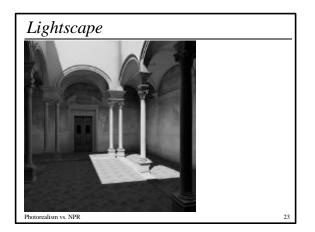






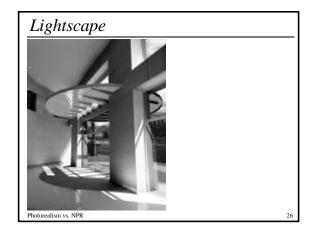




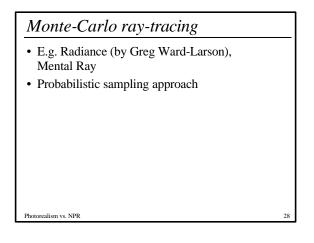


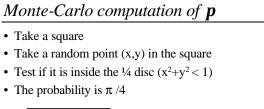


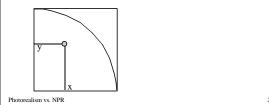






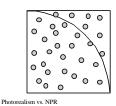


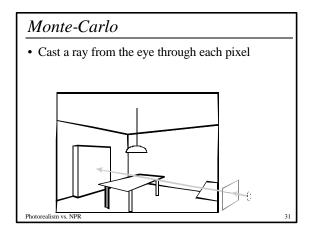




#### *Monte-Carlo computation of* **p**

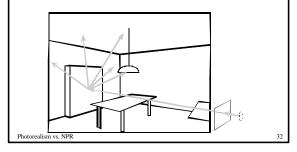
- The probability is  $\pi/4$
- Count the inside ratio n = # inside / total # trials
- $\pi \approx n * 4$
- The error depends on the number or trials

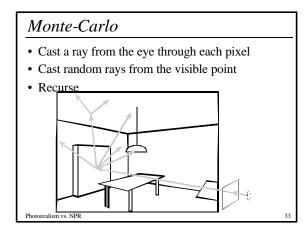




#### Monte-Carlo

- Cast a ray from the eye through each pixel
- Cast random rays from the visible point

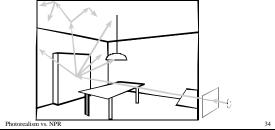


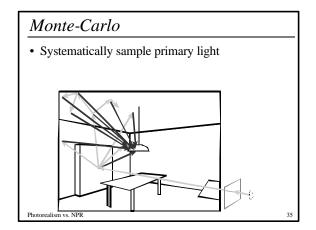


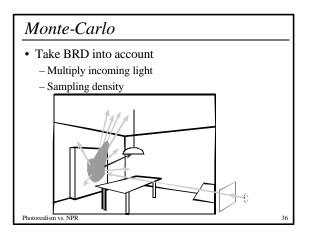
## Monte-Carlo

- Cast a ray from the eye through each pixel
- Cast random rays from the visible point



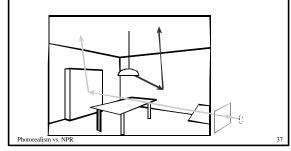


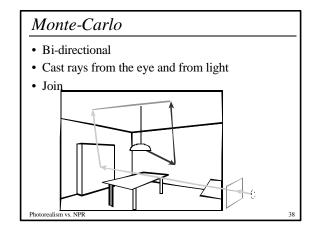


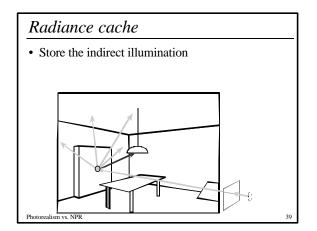


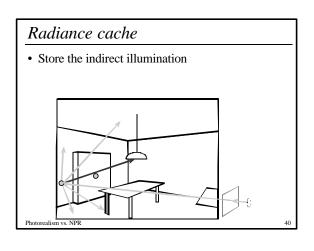


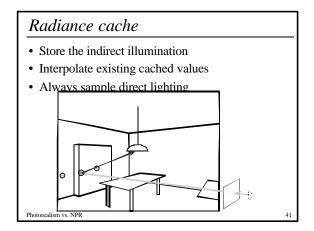
- Bi-directional
- Cast rays from the eye and from light

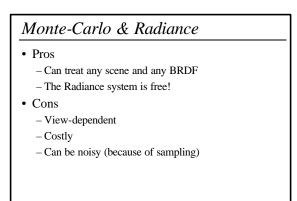






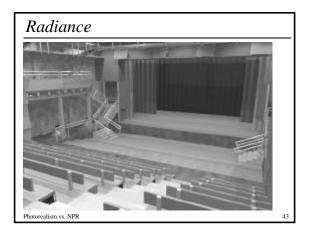




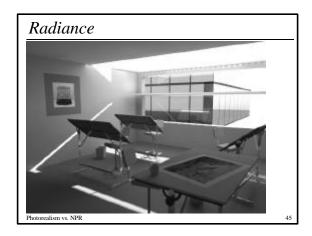


Photorealism vs. NPR

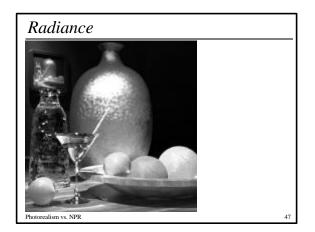
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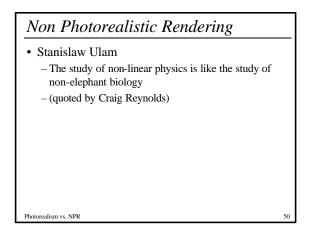












## Painting with numbers

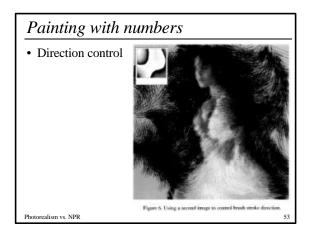
- [Haeberli 1990]
- Reference photo for color
- Interactive painting with brushes

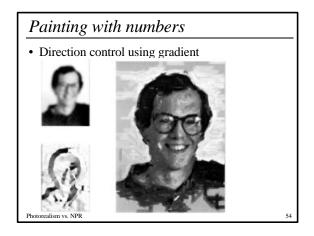


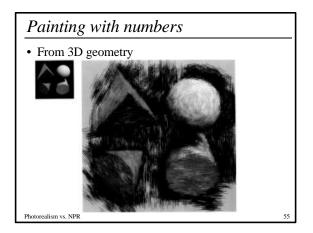
#### Painting with numbers

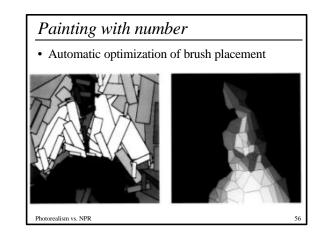
- [Haeberli 1990]
- Reference photo for color
- Interactive painting with brushes

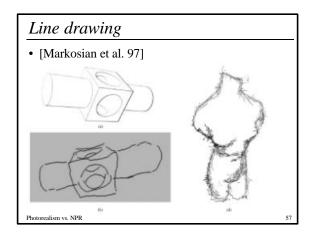


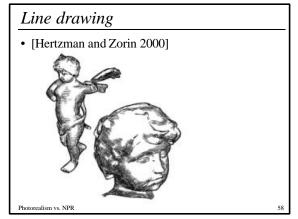


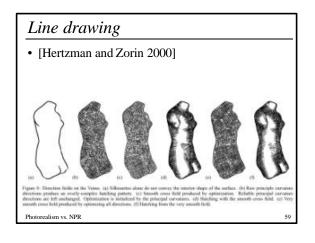


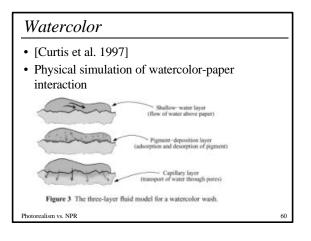






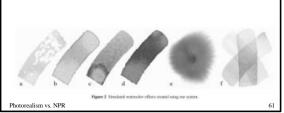


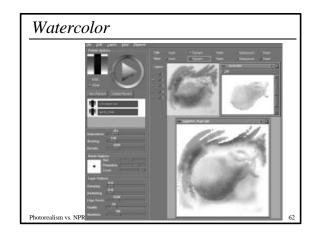


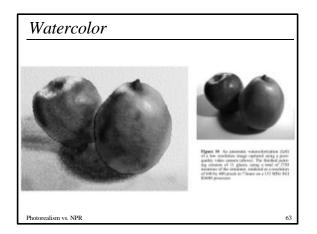


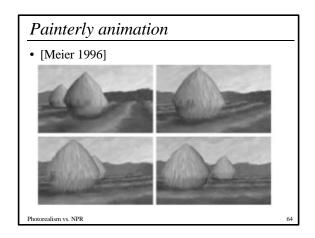
### Watercolor

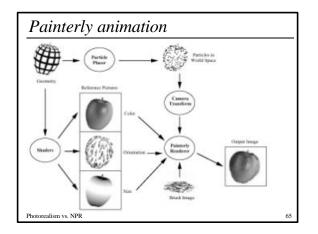
- [Curtis et al. 1997]
- Physical simulation of watercolor-paper interaction
- Very costly (not interactive)

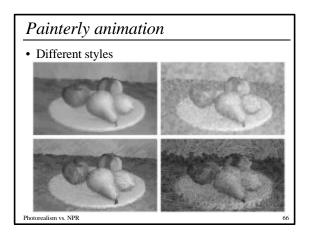


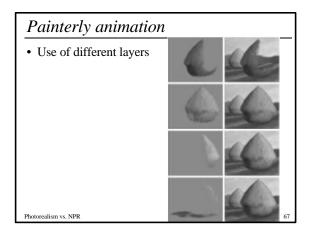


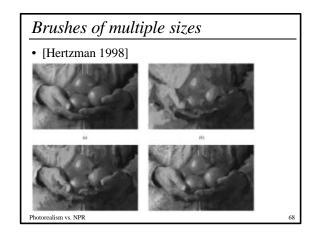


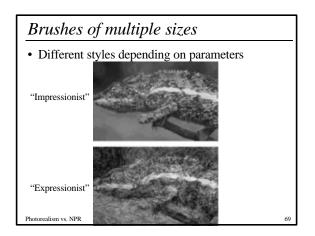


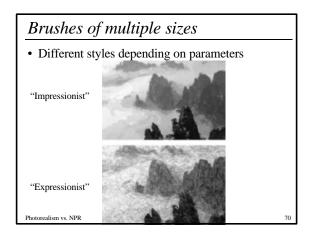




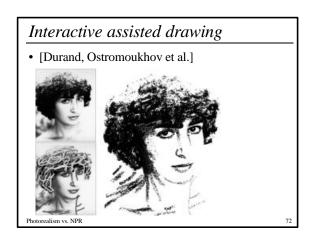


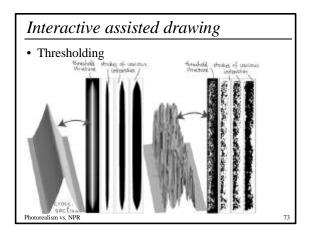


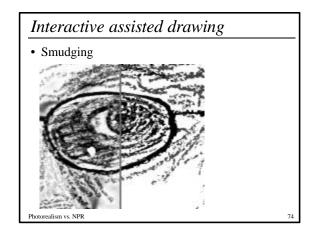


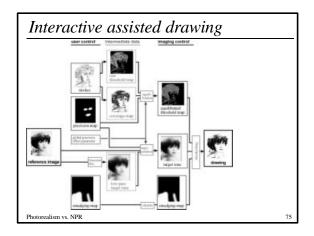


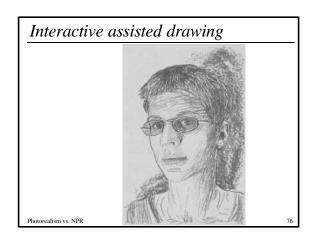














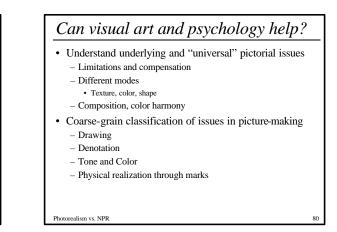
#### NPR: fuzzy issues

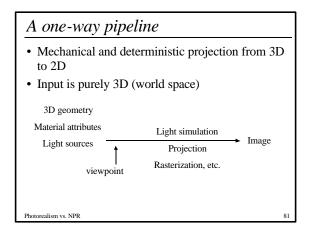
- No systematic classification of techniques - Mainly by medium and interactive/full 3D
- No clear issues
  - What are we trying to solve?
- No inter-operability of techniques - No clear input and output
- Mainly out-of-the-blue full systems with overlap

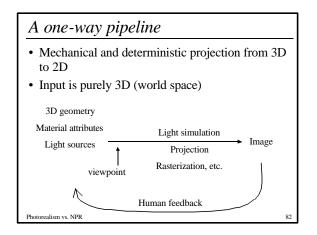
#### Some issues in NPR

- Medium simulation
- Animation and coherence
- Line drawing, hatcing
- Shading
- Style
- Perspective
- User interface

Photorealism vs. NPR







### Mixed 2D/3D specification

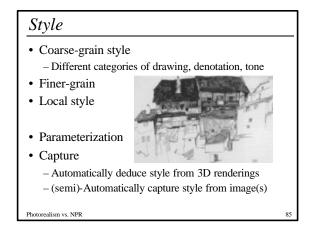
- We should be able to specify "properties" and constraints directly in 2D
  - E.g. color harmony, composition, style
- Still edit the image after rendering

   E.g. shadows, lighting, colors, compensations

#### Pictures for dummy

- · Help non-artists produce nice images
- The "gorgeous image" button in your CAD software
- The "digital photo beautifier"
- Realistic or Non-Photorealistic
- · Digital assistant that finds problems

Photorealism vs. NPR



#### Convergence of games and movies

- Game industry is now as big as movie industry
- Graphics accelerator permit stunning 3D graphics
- Cinema quality is not far
- However, games are interactive, "unpredictable"
- How can we transform the art and craft of cinema into algorithmic games

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• E.g. Lighting, camera control, editing