Understanding Space in Proof Complexity: Separations and Trade-offs via Substitutions

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Joint work with Fli Ben-Sasson

A Fundamental Problem in Computer Science

Problem

Given a propositional logic formula F, is it true no matter how we assign values to its variables?

TAUTOLOGY: Fundamental problem in Theoretical Computer Science since Cook's NP-completeness paper (1971)

Last decade or so: also intense applied interest

Enormous progress on algorithms (although still exponential time in worst case)

Proof Complexity

Proof search algorithm: proof system with derivation rules

Proof complexity: study of proofs in such systems

- Lower bounds: no algorithm can do better (even optimal one always guessing the right move)
- Upper bounds: gives hope for good algorithms if we can search for proofs in system efficiently

Resolution

- Resolution: proof system for refuting CNF formulas
- Perhaps the most studied system in proof complexity
- Basis of current state-of-the-art SAT-solvers (e.g. winners in recent SAT competitions)
- So called DPLL-algorithms (Davis-Putnam-Logemann-Loveland) augmented with clause learning

Trade-offs Between Time and Memory?

- Key bottlenecks for SAT-solvers: time and memory
- What are the connections between these resources?
 Are they correlated? Are there trade-offs?
- Question ca 1998: Does proof complexity have anything intelligent to say about this? (Corresponding to relation between size and space of proofs)
- This talk: Study these questions for resolution, and also for more general k-DNF resolution proof systems

Outline

- Resolution-Based Proof Systems
 - Basics
 - Some Previous Work
 - Our Results
- Outline of Proofs
 - Pebble Games and Pebbling Contradictions
 - Substitution Theorem
 - Putting the Pieces Together
- Open Problems

Some Notation and Terminology

- Literal a: variable x or its negation \overline{x}
- Clause $C = a_1 \lor \cdots \lor a_k$: disjunction of literals
- Term $T = a_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge a_k$: conjunction of literals
- CNF formula $F = C_1 \land \cdots \land C_m$: conjunction of clauses k-CNF formula: CNF formula with clauses of size $\leq k$
- DNF formula $D = T_1 \lor \cdots \lor T_m$: disjunction of terms k-DNF formula: DNF formula with terms of size < k

k-DNF Resolution

- Prove that given CNF formula is unsatisfiable
- Proof operates with k-DNF formulas (standard resolution corresponds to 1-DNF formulas, i.e., disjunctive clauses)
- Proof is "presented on blackboard"
- Derivation steps:
 - Write down clauses of CNF formula being refuted (axiom clauses)
 - Infer new k-DNF formulas
 - Erase formulas that are not currently needed (to save space on blackboard)
- Proof ends when contradictory empty clause 0 derived

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1. *x*
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4.

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

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Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1. 2
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. 7

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
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Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. ¯

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- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1. 🧳
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. *z*

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Write down axiom 1: x



Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. *z*

λ

 $\overline{y} \vee$

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Write down axiom 1: x

Write down axiom 3: $\overline{y} \lor z$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4.

X

$$\overline{y} \vee$$

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Write down axiom 1: xWrite down axiom 3: $\overline{y} \lor z$ Combine x and $\overline{y} \lor z$ to get $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. ¯

$\begin{array}{l} x \\ \overline{y} \lor z \\ (x \land \overline{y}) \lor z \end{array}$

Rules:

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Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. 7

$\frac{x}{\overline{y} \vee z} \\ (x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Write down axiom 1: xWrite down axiom 3: $\overline{y} \lor z$ Combine x and $\overline{y} \lor z$ to get $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Frase the line x

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. 7

$$\frac{\overline{y} \vee z}{(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z}$$

Rules:

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- 4. 7

$$\frac{\overline{y} \vee z}{(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z}$$

Rules:

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Write down axiom 3: $\overline{y} \lor z$ Combine x and $\overline{y} \lor z$ to get $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line xErase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. 7

$$(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$$

Rules:

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Write down axiom 3: $\overline{y} \lor z$ Combine x and $\overline{y} \lor z$ to get $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line xErase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. 7

$$(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$$

 $\overline{x} \vee y$

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Combine x and $\overline{y} \lor z$ to get $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line xErase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$ Write down axiom 2: $\overline{x} \lor y$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. ¯

$$(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$$

 $\overline{x} \vee y$

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Erase the line xErase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$ Write down axiom 2: $\overline{x} \lor y$ Infer z from $\overline{x} \lor y$ and $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$

Can write down axioms. infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

2.
$$\overline{x} \lor y$$

3.
$$\overline{y} \lor z$$

$$(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$$

$$\overline{x} \vee y$$

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Erase the line
$$x$$

Erase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$
Write down axiom 2: $\overline{x} \lor y$
Infer z from $\overline{x} \lor y$ and $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

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Rules:

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Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

2.
$$\overline{x} \lor y$$

3.
$$\overline{y} \lor z$$

$$\overline{X} \lor y$$

Rules:

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$$\overline{x} \lor y$$
 and $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$
Erase the line $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. z

$\overline{x} \vee y$

Z

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
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Write down axiom 2: $\overline{x} \lor y$ Infer z from

$$\overline{x} \lor y$$
 and $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$
Erase the line $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$
Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor y$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. ¯

7

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Write down axiom 2: $\overline{x} \lor y$ Infer z from $\overline{x} \lor y$ and $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor y$

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4.

2

Z

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Infer z from

 $\overline{x} \lor y$ and $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor y$ Write down axiom 4: \overline{z}

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. ¯

Z

7

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Erase the line $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor y$ Write down axiom 4: \overline{z} Infer 0 from \overline{z} and z

Can write down axioms, infer new formulas, and erase used formulas

- 1.)
- 2. $\overline{x} \lor y$
- 3. $\overline{y} \lor z$
- 4. *z*

Z

Z

0

Rules:

- Infer new formulas only from formulas currently on board
- Only k-DNF formulas can appear on board (for k = 2)
- Details about derivation rules won't matter for us

Erase the line $(x \land \overline{y}) \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor y$ Write down axiom 4: \overline{z} Infer 0 from \overline{z} and z

- Length: Lower bound on time for proof search algorithm (length more convenient measure than size for resolution)
- Space: Lower bound on memory for proof search algorithm



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Length

formulas written on blackboard counted with repetitions



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Length

formulas written on blackboard counted with repetitions

Space

Somewhat less straightforward — several ways of measuring

$$\begin{array}{c} x \\ \overline{y} \lor z \\ (x \land \overline{y}) \lor z \end{array}$$

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Length

formulas written on blackboard counted with repetitions

Space

Somewhat less straightforward — several ways of measuring

- 2. $\overline{y} \vee z$
- 3. $(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$

Formula space:

- Length: Lower bound on time for proof search algorithm (length more convenient measure than size for resolution)
- Space: Lower bound on memory for proof search algorithm

Length

formulas written on blackboard counted with repetitions

Space

Somewhat less straightforward — several ways of measuring

$$x^{1}$$

$$\overline{y}^{2} \lor z^{3}$$

$$(x^{4} \land \overline{y})^{5} \lor z^{6}$$

Formula space:

Total space:

- Length: Lower bound on time for proof search algorithm (length more convenient measure than size for resolution)
- Space: Lower bound on memory for proof search algorithm

Length

formulas written on blackboard counted with repetitions

Space

Somewhat less straightforward — several ways of measuring

x^1	
$\overline{y}^2 \vee z^3$	
$(x \wedge \overline{y})$	\vee z

Formula space:

Total space:

Variable space:

Complexity Measures of Interest: Length and Space

- Length: Lower bound on time for proof search algorithm (length more convenient measure than size for resolution)
- Space: Lower bound on memory for proof search algorithm

Length

formulas written on blackboard counted with repetitions

Space

Somewhat less straightforward — several ways of measuring

 $(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$

Formula space:

Total space:

Variable space:

Length and Space Bounds for Resolution

```
Let n = \text{size of formula}
```

```
Length: at most 2^n
Lower bound \exp(\Omega(n)) [Urquhart '87, Chvátal & Szemerédi '88]
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Formula space (a.k.a. clause space): at most n Lower bound $\Omega(n)$ [Torán '99, Alekhnovich et al. '00]

```
Total space: at most n^2
No better lower bound than \Omega(n)!?
```

Comparing Length and Space

Some "rescaling" is needed to get meaningful comparisons of length and space

- Length exponential in formula size in worst case
- Formula space at most linear
- So natural to compare space to logarithm of length

Length-Space Correlation for Resolution?

 \exists constant space refutation $\Rightarrow \exists$ polynomial length refutation [Atserias & Dalmau '03]

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For restricted system of tree-like resolution: any polynomial length refutation can be carried out in logarithmic space [Esteban & Torán '99]

So essentially no trade-offs for tree-like resolution

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 \exists constant space refutation $\Rightarrow \exists$ polynomial length refutation [Atserias & Dalmau '03]

For restricted system of tree-like resolution: any polynomial length refutation can be carried out in logarithmic space [Esteban & Torán '99]

So essentially no trade-offs for tree-like resolution

Does short length imply small space for general resolution? Open — even no consensus on likely "right answer"

Length-Space Trade-offs for Resolution?

Nothing known about length-space trade-offs for resolution refutations in the general, unrestricted proof system

(Some trade-off results in restricted settings in [Ben-Sasson '02, Nordström '07])

Previous Work on k-DNF Resolution (k > 2)

Length: lower bound $\exp(\Omega(n^{1-o(1)}))$ [Segerlind et al. '04, Alekhnovich '05]

Formula space: lower bound $\Omega(n)$ [Esteban et al. '02]

(Suppressing dependencies on k)

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(Suppressing dependencies on k)

(k+1)-DNF resolution exponentially stronger than k-DNF resolution w.r.t. length [Segerlind et al. '04]

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(Suppressing dependencies on k)

(k+1)-DNF resolution exponentially stronger than k-DNF resolution w.r.t. length [Segerlind et al. '04]

No hierarchy known w.r.t. space

Except for tree-like k-DNF resolution [Esteban et al. '02] (But tree-like k-DNF weaker than standard resolution)

No trade-off results known

Our results 1: An Optimal Length-Space Separation

Length and space in resolution are "completely uncorrelated"

Theorem (FOCS '08)

There are k-CNF formula families of size O(n) with

- refutation length O(n) requiring
- formula space $\Omega(n/\log n)$.

Optimal separation of length and space — given length n, always possible to achieve space $\mathcal{O}(n/\log n)$

Our Results 2: Length-Space Trade-offs

We prove collection of length-space trade-offs

Results hold for

- resolution (essentially tight analysis)
- k-DNF resolution, $k \ge 2$ (with slightly worse parameters)

Different trade-offs covering (almost) whole range of space from constant to linear

Simple, explicit formulas

Theorem (ECCC report TR09-034)

- refutable in resolution in total space $\omega(1)$
- refutable in resolution in length $\mathcal{O}(n)$ and total space $\approx \sqrt[3]{n}$
- any resolution refutation in formula space $\leq \sqrt[3]{n}$ requires
- any k-DNF resolution refutation, k < K, in formula space

Theorem (ECCC report TR09-034)

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Theorem (ECCC report TR09-034)

- refutable in resolution in total space $\omega(1)$
- refutable in resolution in length $\mathcal{O}(n)$ and total space $\approx \sqrt[3]{n}$
- any resolution refutation in formula space $\leq \sqrt[3]{n}$ requires superpolynomial length
- any k-DNF resolution refutation, k < K, in formula space

Theorem (ECCC report TR09-034)

- refutable in resolution in total space $\omega(1)$
- refutable in resolution in length $\mathcal{O}(n)$ and total space $\approx \sqrt[3]{n}$
- any resolution refutation in formula space $\leq \sqrt[3]{n}$ requires superpolynomial length
- any k-DNF resolution refutation, $k \leq K$, in formula space $< n^{1/3(k+1)}$ requires superpolynomial length

Some Quick Technical Remarks

Upper bounds hold for

- total space (# literals) larger measure
- standard syntactic rules

Lower bounds hold for

- formula space (# lines) smaller measure
- semantic rules exponentially stronger than syntactic

Space definition reminder

$$\frac{x}{\overline{y} \vee z} \\
(x \wedge \overline{y}) \vee z$$

Variable space:

Our Results 3: Space Hierarchy for k-DNF Resolution

We also separate k-DNF resolution from (k+1)-DNF resolution w.r.t. formula space

Theorem (ECCC report TR09-047)

For any constant k there are explicit CNF formulas of size $\mathcal{O}(n)$

- refutable in (k+1)-DNF resolution in formula space $\mathcal{O}(1)$ but such that
- any k-DNF resolution refutation requires formula space $\Omega(\binom{k+1}{n}/\log n)$

Rest of This Talk

- Study old combinatorial game from the 70s and 80s
- Prove new theorem about amplification of space hardness via variable substitution
- Combine the two

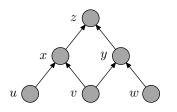
How to Get a Handle on Time-Space Relations?

Want to find formulas that

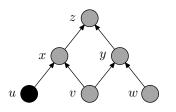
- can be quickly refuted but require large space
- have space-efficient refutations requiring much time

Such time-space trade-off questions well-studied for pebble games modelling calculations described by DAGs ([Cook & Sethi '76] and many others)

- Time needed for calculation: # pebbling moves
- Space needed for calculation: max # pebbles required

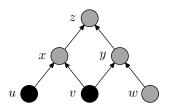


# moves	0
Current # pebbles	0
Max # pebbles so far	0



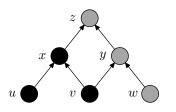
# moves	1
Current # pebbles	1
Max # pebbles so far	1

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them



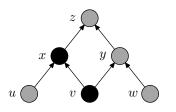
# moves	2
Current # pebbles	2
Max # pebbles so far	2

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them



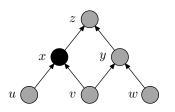
# moves	3
Current # pebbles	3
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them



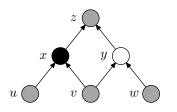
# moves	4
Current # pebbles	2
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex



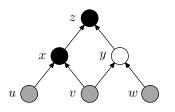
# moves	5
Current # pebbles	1
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex



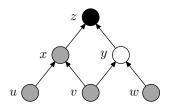
# moves	6
Current # pebbles	2
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex



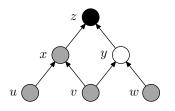
# moves	7
Current # pebbles	3
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex



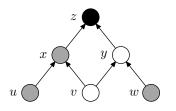
# moves	8
Current # pebbles	2
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex



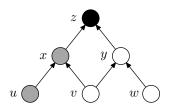
# moves	8
Current # pebbles	2
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex
- Can remove white pebble if all immediate predecessors have pebbles



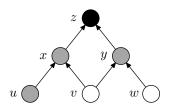
# moves	9
Current # pebbles	3
Max # pebbles so far	3

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Oan always place white pebble on (empty) vertex
- Can remove white pebble if all immediate predecessors have pebbles



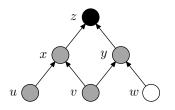
# moves	10
Current # pebbles	4
Max # pebbles so far	4

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex
- Can remove white pebble if all immediate predecessors have pebbles



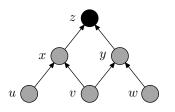
# moves	11
Current # pebbles	3
Max # pebbles so far	4

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex
- Can remove white pebble if all immediate predecessors have pebbles



# moves	12
Current # pebbles	2
Max # pebbles so far	4

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex
- Can remove white pebble if all immediate predecessors have pebbles



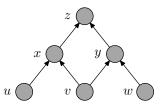
# moves	13
Current # pebbles	1
Max # pebbles so far	4

- Can place black pebble on (empty) vertex if all immediate predecessors have pebbles on them
- Can always remove black pebble from vertex
- Can always place white pebble on (empty) vertex
- Can remove white pebble if all immediate predecessors have pebbles

Pebbling Contradiction

CNF formula encoding pebble game on DAG G

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$
- 6. $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



- sources are true
- truth propagates upwards
- but sink is false

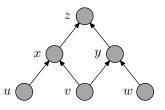
Studied by [Bonet et al. '98, Raz & McKenzie '99, Ben-Sasson & Wigderson '99] and others

Our hope is that pebbling properties of DAG somehow carry over to resolution refutations of pebbling contradictions

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- truth propagates upwards
- but sink is false

Studied by [Bonet et al. '98, Raz & McKenzie '99, Ben-Sasson & Wigderson '99] and others

Our hope is that pebbling properties of DAG somehow carry over to resolution refutations of pebbling contradictions

Interpreting Refutations as Black-White Pebblings

Black-white pebbling models non-deterministic computation

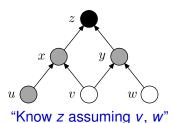
- black pebbles ⇔ computed results
- white pebbles
 ⇔ guesses needing to be verified



Interpreting Refutations as Black-White Pebblings

Black-white pebbling models non-deterministic computation

- black pebbles ⇔ computed results
- white pebbles ⇔ guesses needing to be verified



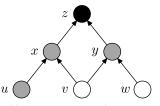
Corresponds to $(v \land w) \to z$, i.e., blackboard clause $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$

So translate clauses to pebbles by: unnegated variable ⇒ black pebble negated variable ⇒ white pebble

Interpreting Refutations as Black-White Pebblings

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- black pebbles ⇔ computed results
- white pebbles
 ⇔ guesses needing to be verified

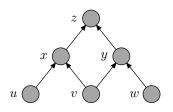


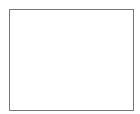
"Know z assuming v, w"

Corresponds to $(v \wedge w) \rightarrow z$, i.e., blackboard clause $|\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z|$

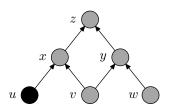
So translate clauses to pebbles by: unnegated variable ⇒ black pebble negated variable ⇒ white pebble

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}





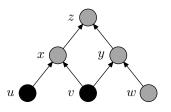
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{x} \vee \overline{y} \vee z$
- 7. \overline{z}



и

Write down axiom 1: u

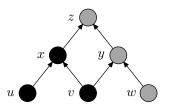
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



u v

Write down axiom 1: *u* Write down axiom 2: *v*

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



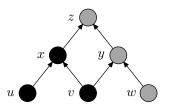
V

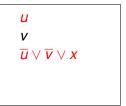
$$\overline{U} \vee \overline{V} \vee X$$

Write down axiom 1: *u* Write down axiom 2: *v*

Write down axiom 4: $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>

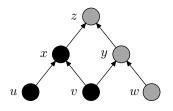




Write down axiom 1: u Write down axiom 2: v Write down axiom 4: $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$

Infer $\overline{V} \lor x$ from u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{V} \lor x$

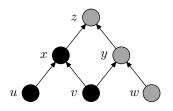
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



 $\begin{array}{c}
u \\
v \\
\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x \\
\overline{v} \lor x
\end{array}$

Write down axiom 1: uWrite down axiom 2: vWrite down axiom 4: $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor x$ from u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$

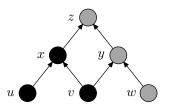
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\begin{array}{c}
u \\
v \\
\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x \\
\overline{v} \lor x
\end{array}$$

Write down axiom 2: v Write down axiom 4: $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor x$ from u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$

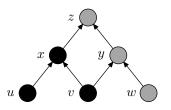
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$egin{array}{c} u \\ v \\ \overline{v} \lor x \end{array}$$

Write down axiom 2: v Write down axiom 4: $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor x$ from u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$

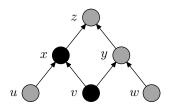
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\frac{u}{v}$$
 $\overline{v} \lor x$

Write down axiom 4: $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor x$ from u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line u

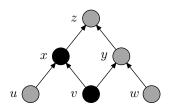
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>

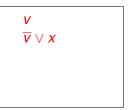


$$\overline{v} \lor x$$

Write down axiom 4: $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor x$ from u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line u

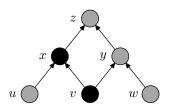
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}





u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line uInfer x from v and $\overline{v} \lor x$

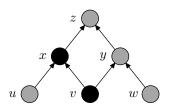
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$\frac{V}{\overline{V}} \lor X$$

u and $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line uInfer x from v and $\overline{v} \lor x$

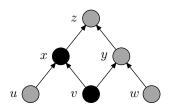
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}



$$\frac{\mathbf{v}}{\mathbf{V}} \vee \mathbf{x}$$

Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line uInfer x from v and $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor x$

- 1. *u*
- v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}

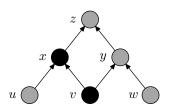


V

Х

Erase the line $\overline{u} \lor \overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line uInfer x from v and $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor x$

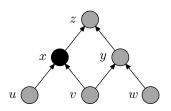
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



X

Erase the line uInfer x from v and $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor x$

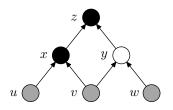
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



Х

Erase the line uInfer x from v and $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor x$

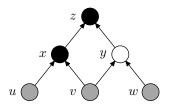
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$$

Infer x from v and $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line v Write down axiom 6: $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$

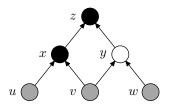
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$$

Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line vWrite down axiom 6: $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Infer $\overline{y} \lor z$ from x and $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>

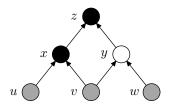


$$\frac{x}{\overline{x} \vee \overline{y} \vee z}$$

$$\overline{y} \vee \overline{z}$$

Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor x$ Erase the line vWrite down axiom 6: $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Infer $\overline{y} \lor z$ from x and $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$

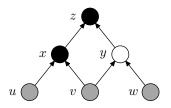
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\begin{array}{c}
x \\
\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z \\
\overline{y} \lor z
\end{array}$$

Erase the line vWrite down axiom 6: $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Infer $\overline{y} \lor z$ from x and $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$

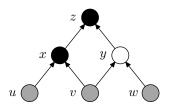
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\frac{x}{\overline{y}} \lor z$$

Erase the line vWrite down axiom 6: $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Infer $\overline{y} \lor z$ from x and $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$

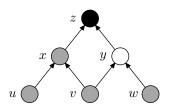
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\frac{x}{\overline{y}} \lor z$$

Write down axiom 6: $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Infer $\overline{y} \lor z$ from x and $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line x

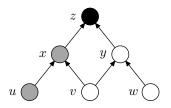
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\overline{y} \lor z$$

Write down axiom 6: $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Infer $\overline{y} \lor z$ from x and $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line x

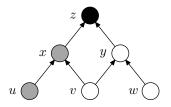
- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\frac{\overline{y} \vee z}{\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y}$$

Infer $\overline{y} \lor z$ from x and $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line x Write down axiom 5: $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$

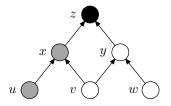
- 3. W
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$\frac{\overline{y} \vee z}{\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y}$$

Erase the line $\overline{x} \vee \overline{y} \vee z$ Erase the line x Write down axiom 5: $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$ Infer $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z$ from $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}

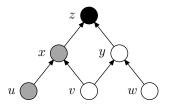


$$\frac{\overline{y} \vee z}{\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y}$$

$$\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z$$

Erase the line $\overline{x} \lor \overline{y} \lor z$ Erase the line xWrite down axiom 5: $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ from $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}

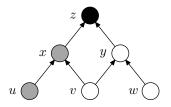


$$\frac{\overline{y} \lor z}{\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y}$$

$$\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$$

Erase the line xWrite down axiom 5: $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ from $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$

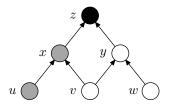
- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$\overline{y} \lor z$$
 $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$

Erase the line xWrite down axiom 5: $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ from $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$

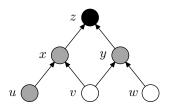
- 1. *u*
- 2. V
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}



$$\overline{y} \lor z$$
 $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$

Write down axiom 5: $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Infer $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ from $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$

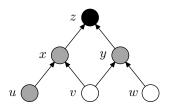
- 3 W
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$\overline{V} \vee \overline{W} \vee Z$$

Write down axiom 5: $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$ Infer $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z$ from $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$ Erase the line $\overline{y} \vee z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>

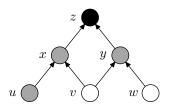


$$\overline{V} \vee \overline{W} \vee Z$$

١

Infer
$$\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$$
 from $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$ Write down axiom 2: v

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



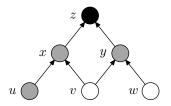
$$\overline{V} \vee \overline{W} \vee Z$$

ν

W

 $\overline{y} \lor z$ and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$ Write down axiom 2: vWrite down axiom 3: w

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>



$$\overline{V} \vee \overline{W} \vee Z$$

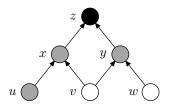
V

W

Z

Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor y$ Erase the line $\overline{y} \lor z$ Write down axiom 2: vWrite down axiom 3: wWrite down axiom 7: \overline{z}

- 1. *u*
- v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. <u>z</u>





V

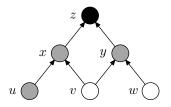
W

Z

Write down axiom 2: v Write down axiom 3: w Write down axiom 7: \overline{z} Infer $\overline{w} \lor z$ from

v and $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. L
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}



$$\overline{V} \vee \overline{W} \vee Z$$

V

W

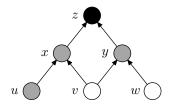
 \overline{z}

 $\overline{W} \vee Z$

Write down axiom 2: v Write down axiom 3: w Write down axiom 7: \overline{z} Infer $\overline{w} \lor z$ from

v and $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z$

- 3. W
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$\overline{V} \vee \overline{W} \vee Z$$

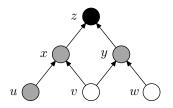
w

 \overline{z}

 $\overline{W} \vee Z$

Write down axiom 3: w Write down axiom 7: ₹ Infer $\overline{w} \vee z$ from v and $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z$ Erase the line v

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee z$$

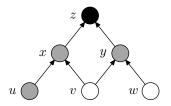
W

 \overline{z}

 $\overline{W} \vee Z$

Write down axiom 3: w Write down axiom 7: \overline{z} Infer $\overline{w} \lor z$ from v and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line v

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



$$\overline{V} \vee \overline{W} \vee Z$$

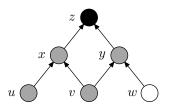
W

 \overline{z}

 $\overline{W} \vee Z$

Write down axiom 7: \overline{z} Infer $\overline{w} \lor z$ from v and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line vErase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}

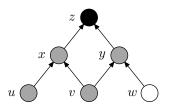


z

$$\overline{W} \lor Z$$

Write down axiom 7: \overline{z} Infer $\overline{w} \lor z$ from v and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line vErase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}

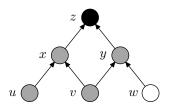


 \overline{z}

$$\overline{W} \vee Z$$

v and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line vErase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Infer z from w and $\overline{w} \lor z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



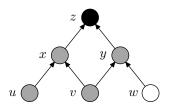
 \overline{z}

$$\overline{W} \lor Z$$

Z

$$v$$
 and $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$
Erase the line v
Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$
Infer z from w and $\overline{w} \lor z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



N

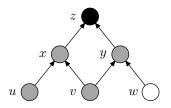
 \overline{z}

 $\overline{W} \lor Z$

Z

Erase the line vErase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Infer z from w and $\overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line w

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}

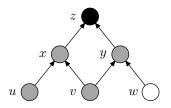


$$\frac{z}{W} \lor z$$

Z

Erase the line vErase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Infer z from w and $\overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line w

- 1. *u*
- 2. v
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}

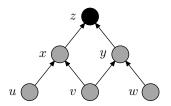


$$\overline{W} \vee Z$$

-

Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Infer z from w and $\overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line wErase the line $\overline{w} \lor z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \bar{z}

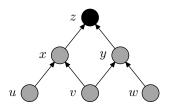


7

7

Erase the line $\overline{v} \lor \overline{w} \lor z$ Infer z from w and $\overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line w Erase the line $\overline{w} \lor z$

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}

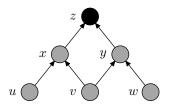


7

-

w and $\overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line wErase the line $\overline{w} \lor z$ Infer 0 from \overline{z} and z

- 1. *u*
- 2. *v*
- 3. w
- 4. $\overline{u} \vee \overline{v} \vee x$
- 5. $\overline{v} \vee \overline{w} \vee y$
- 6. $\overline{X} \vee \overline{Y} \vee Z$
- 7. \overline{z}



7

7

n

w and $\overline{w} \lor z$ Erase the line wErase the line $\overline{w} \lor z$ Infer 0 from \overline{z} and z

Formal Refutation-Pebbling Correspondence

Theorem (Ben-Sasson '02)

Any refutation translates into black-white pebbling with

- # moves ≤ refutation length
- # pebbles ≤ variable space

Observation (Ben-Sasson et al. '00'

Any black-pebbles-only pebbling translates into refutation with

- refutation length ≤ # moves
- total space ≤ # pebbles

Unfortunately pebbling contradictions are extremely easy w.r.t. formula space!

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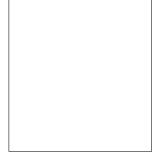
Key Idea: Variable Substitution

Make formula harder by substituting $x_1 \oplus x_2$ for every variable x (also works for other Boolean functions with "right" properties):

Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula wi	th XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x
Obvious approach for $F[\oplus]$: mimic refutation of F

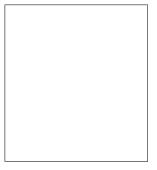
Let F	\oplus	denote formula with XOR x_1	$x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x
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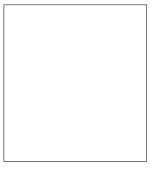
Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula with XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x

$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor y$$



Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula with XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x

$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor y$$



Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula with XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x

$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor y$$

$$X_1 \lor X_2$$
 $\overline{X}_1 \lor \overline{X}_2$

Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula with XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x

$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor y$$

$$X_{1} \lor X_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2}$$

$$X_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2} \lor y_{1} \lor y_{2}$$

$$X_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2} \lor \overline{y}_{1} \lor \overline{y}_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor X_{2} \lor y_{1} \lor y_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor X_{2} \lor \overline{y}_{1} \lor \overline{y}_{2}$$

Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula with XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x

$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor y$$

$$X_{1} \lor X_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2}$$

$$X_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2} \lor y_{1} \lor y_{2}$$

$$X_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2} \lor \overline{y}_{1} \lor \overline{y}_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor X_{2} \lor y_{1} \lor y_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor X_{2} \lor \overline{y}_{1} \lor \overline{y}_{2}$$

$$\overline{y}_{1} \lor y_{2}$$

$$\overline{y}_{1} \lor \overline{y}_{2}$$

Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula with XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x

Obvious approach for $F[\oplus]$: mimic refutation of F

$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor y$$

For such refutation of $F[\oplus]$:

- length ≥ length for F
- o formula space ≥ variable space for F

$$\begin{array}{c} x_1 \lor x_2 \\ \overline{x}_1 \lor \overline{x}_2 \\ x_1 \lor \overline{x}_2 \lor y_1 \lor y_2 \\ x_1 \lor \overline{x}_2 \lor \overline{y}_1 \lor \overline{y}_2 \\ \overline{x}_1 \lor x_2 \lor y_1 \lor y_2 \\ \overline{x}_1 \lor x_2 \lor \overline{y}_1 \lor \overline{y}_2 \\ \overline{y}_1 \lor y_2 \\ \overline{y}_1 \lor \overline{y}_2 \end{array}$$

Let $F[\oplus]$ denote formula with XOR $x_1 \oplus x_2$ substituted for x

Obvious approach for $F[\oplus]$: mimic refutation of F

$$\frac{x}{\overline{x}} \lor y$$

For such refutation of $F[\oplus]$:

- length ≥ length for F
- o formula space ≥ variable space for F

$$X_{1} \lor X_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2}$$

$$X_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2} \lor y_{1} \lor y_{2}$$

$$X_{1} \lor \overline{X}_{2} \lor \overline{y}_{1} \lor \overline{y}_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor X_{2} \lor y_{1} \lor y_{2}$$

$$\overline{X}_{1} \lor X_{2} \lor \overline{y}_{1} \lor \overline{y}_{2}$$

$$\overline{Y}_{1} \lor Y_{2}$$

$$\overline{Y}_{1} \lor \overline{Y}_{2}$$

Prove that this is (sort of) best one can do for $F[\oplus]!$

XOR formula $F[\oplus]$	Original formula F
If XOR blackboard implies e.g. $\neg(x_1 \oplus x_2) \lor (y_1 \oplus y_2) \dots$	write $\overline{x} \vee y$ on shadow blackboard
For consecutive XOR black-board configurations	can get between correspond- ing shadow blackboards by legal derivation steps
(sort of) upper-bounded by XOR derivation length	Length of shadow blackboard derivation
is at most # clauses on XOR blackboard	# variables mentioned on shadow blackboard

XOR formula $F[\oplus]$	Original formula F
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For consecutive XOR black-board configurations	can get between correspond- ing shadow blackboards by legal derivation steps
(sort of) upper-bounded by XOR derivation length	Length of shadow blackboard derivation
is at most # clauses on XOR blackboard	# variables mentioned on shadow blackboard

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Sketch of Proof of Substitution Theorem

Given refutation of $F[\oplus]$, extract "shadow refutation" of F

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Pieces Together: Substitution + Pebbling Formulas

Making variable substitutions in pebbling formulas

- lifts lower bound from variable space to formula space
- maintains upper bound in terms of total space and length

Substitution with XOR over k + 1 variables works against k-DNF resolution

Get our results by

- using known pebbling results from literature of 70s and 80s
- proving a couple of new pebbling results
- to get tight trade-offs, showing that resolution proofs can sometimes do better than black-only pebblings

(Work in last two bullets to appear in Complexity '10)

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Stronger Results for k-DNF resolution?

Gap of (k+1)st root between upper and lower bounds for k-DNF resolution

Open Question

Can the loss of a (k+1)st root in the k-DNF resolution lower bounds be diminished? Or even eliminated completely?

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Conceivable that same bounds as for resolution could hold

However, any improvement beyond *k*th root requires fundamentally different approach [Nordström & Razborov '09]

Trade-offs for Stronger Proof Systems?

Recall key technical theorem: amplify space lower bounds through variable substitution

Almost completely oblivious to which proof system is being studied—maybe can be made to work for stronger systems?

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Empirical Results?

Open Question

Do our trade-off phenomena show up in real life for state-of-the-art SAT-solvers run on pebbling contradictions?

Number of different possibilities to try out:

- Base formulas on different graph families
- Do substitution with \vee , \oplus , or other Boolean functions
- Possibly add some redundant "noise clauses" to make structural analysis a bit harder

Summing up

- Optimal time-space separation in resolution
- Strong time-space trade-offs for resolution and k-DNF resolution for wide range of parameters
- Strict space hierarchy for k-DNF resolution
- Many remaining open questions about space in proof complexity (see survey *Pebble Games, Proof Complexity*, and Time-Space Trade-offs at my webpage for details)

Thank you for your attention!