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// example.c

//=====
// How to compile on Athena
//=====
// gcc -o example example.c

//=====
// Getting Help
//=====
// if you wonder about any function or library used here,
// you can usually just type man FUN or man LIB at prompt

#include <stdio.h>
#include <limits.h>
//=====
// Macros
//=====
// LONG_MAX is defined in <limits.h>
#define INFINITY LONG_MAX
#define max(A, B) ((A) > (B) ? (A) : (B))

#define DEBUG 1

//-----
// Arbitrary Size Limits
//-----
// We don't want to do any memory management (using malloc & friends)...
// So we have to arbitrarily define the size of our arrays at compile-time
#define WORDLEN 50 /* max number of characters in a word */
#define SEQLEN 200 /* max number of words in a text */
#define FNLEN 256 /* max number of characters in a filename */
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    //=====
    // Arrays (the easy static way)
    //=====
    // - a string is an array of chars, its end being signaled by a '\0'
    char word[WORDLEN];
    // 1*****1
    word[0] = 'h'; word[1] = 'i'; word[2] = '\0';
    if (DEBUG) printf("1..word_is_ '%s' \n", word);
    // 1*****1
    // - an array of strings is actually an array of arrays of chars
    char seq[WORDLEN][SEQLEN];
    // - an array of ints
    int lenseq[SEQLEN];

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//=====
// Command-Line Arguments
//=====
// argc gives you the number of arguments (including the executable name)
// argv is an array of the actual arguments
char *filename;
if (argc!=2) {
    printf("USAGE:./example_filename.txt\n");
    exit(1); // something other than 0 indicate an error
} else {
    filename = argv[1];
}
// 2*****2
if (DEBUG) printf("2.filename_is_%s '\n", filename);
// 2*****2

//=====
// Reading from a File
//=====
FILE *in_file;
in_file = fopen(filename , "r");
if (in_file==NULL) {
    printf("Sorry, filename_%s 'could_not_be_open.\n", filename);
    exit(1);
}
//-----
// Read the content as a sequence of words
//-----
int i = 0;
while (!feof(in_file) && i<SEQLEN) {
    if (fscanf(in_file , "%s" , word) == 1) {
        strcpy(seq[i++], word);
    }
}
fclose(in_file);
int total = i;

for (i=0; i<total; i++) {
    lenseq[i] = strlen(seq[i]);
}

//=====
// Writing to a file
//=====
FILE *out_file;

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char out_filename[FN_LEN];
strcpy(out_filename, "out-");
strcat(out_filename, filename);
out_file = fopen(out_filename, "w");
if (out_file==NULL) {
    printf("Could not write to filename '%s'", out_filename);
    exit(1);
}
for (i=0; i<total; i++) {
    fprintf(out_file, "%2d. %s(%d)\n", i, seq[i], lenseq[i]);
}
fclose(out_file);
}

```