Sublinear Time Algorithms

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Homework 4

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Fun problem, not to be turned in

A vertex cover V' of a set of edges E' is a set of nodes such that every edge of E' is adjacent to one of the nodes in V'.

For graph G = (V, E), let the transitive closure graph TC(G) be the graph $G^{(tc)}(V, E^{(tc)})$ where $(u, v) \in E^{(tc)}$ if there is a directed path from u to v in G.

Let $f: V \to \{0, 1\}$ be a labeling of the vertices of a known directed acyclic graph G by 0 and 1. For any pair of nodes x and y, we say that $x \leq_G y$ if there is a path from x to y in G. We say that f is monotone if for all $x \leq_G y$, $f(x) \leq f(y)$. The minimum distance of f to monotone is the minimum number of nodes that must be relabeled in order to turn f into a monotone function.

Let E' be the set of violating edges in TC(G) according to f. Show that the minimum distance of f to monotone is equal to the minimum size of a vertex cover of E'.

Homework problems (to be turned in)

1. This problem is about testing monotonicity of functions defined over a directed graph G. The function maps nodes into binary values (i.e., $f : V \to \{0, 1\}$), and we say that it is *monotone* if for all directed edges (u, v), we have that $f(u) \leq f(v)$. We say that f is ϵ -close to monotone if there is a monotone function g such that g and f differ on at most $\epsilon |V|$ entries. A testing algorithm knows the graph G in advance, and for a given node u, may query f(u) in one time step.

Note, in the following, you may use the results of the fun problem above without justification.

- (a) Let $V = \{v_1, \ldots, v_n\}$. For each directed graph G = (V, E), let $B_G = (V', E')$ be the bipartite graph where $V' = \{v_1, \ldots, v_n\} \bigcup \{v'_1, \ldots, v'_n\}$, and $(v_i, v'_j) \in E'$ iff v_j is reachable from v_i in G. Show that a q-query testing algorithm for f over graph B_G with distance parameter $\epsilon/2$ yields a q-query testing algorithm for f over graph G with distance parameter ϵ .
- (b) Let f be a function on V which is ϵ -far from monotone over graph G. Then TC(G) has a matching of violated edges of size at least $(\epsilon/2)|V|$. (Recall previous problem).
- (c) Show that if f is a function over bipartite graph G (where all edges are directed from "left-to-right", that is from v_i to v'_j), there is a test for monotonicity of f with query complexity at most $O(\sqrt{|V|/\epsilon})$.
- 2. Let $L = \{uu^r vv^r | u, v \in \{0, 1\}^*, 2(|u| + |v|) = n\}$. We saw in class that given a string x, distinguishing $x \in L$ from x that is ϵ -far (meaning that $> \epsilon n$ bits of x need to be changed in order to make x a member of L) requires $\Omega(\sqrt{n})$ queries. Give an algorithm for this problem that uses $O(\sqrt{n} \log n/poly(\epsilon))$ queries to the input. The running time does not have to be sublinear.