Identification

Macro Expander
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(Note that the following are Abstracts, which should be replaced by a full description at a later time.)

EXPMAC

Function of Entry:

Temporary version of macro expander for output code generator of the PL/I compiler. This segment of use only to the PL/I compiler.

Calling Sequence for Entry:

call expmac$many (n, arg_pt, arg_cnt)
call expmac$one (n, arg)
call expmac$abs (blk, blk_size)
call expmac$oneabs (word)
call expmac$origin (org)
call expmac$cur_loc (loc)
call expmac$skip (n)

Declaration of Arguments:

dcl (arg_cnt, blk_size, n) fixed bin(15),
     (org, loc) fixed bin(18),
     word fixed bin(36),
     (arg_pt, arg, blk) ptr;

Description of Arguments:

expmac$many expands macro n with arg_cnt arguments stored in the array pointed at by arg_pt. Each element of the array is a pointer to an argument node.

expmac$one expands macro n with a single argument.

expmac$abs copies a block of blk_size words pointed at by blk into the output.

expmac$oneabs appends a single word.

expmac$origin sets the loading origin to org.

expmac$cur_loc sets loc to the current loading origin.

expmac$skip causes n words to be filled with zeros.
PUT_OUTPUT

Function of Entry:

Temporary output processor for PL/I output code macro expander (expmac).

Each call of put_output causes current output buffer to be printed in the error file.

This segment of use only to PL/I compiler.

Calling Sequence for Entry:

call put_output

   call put_output$initialize

Declaration of Arguments:

none

Description of Arguments:

a single call of put_output$initialize must be made before any calls of put_output.